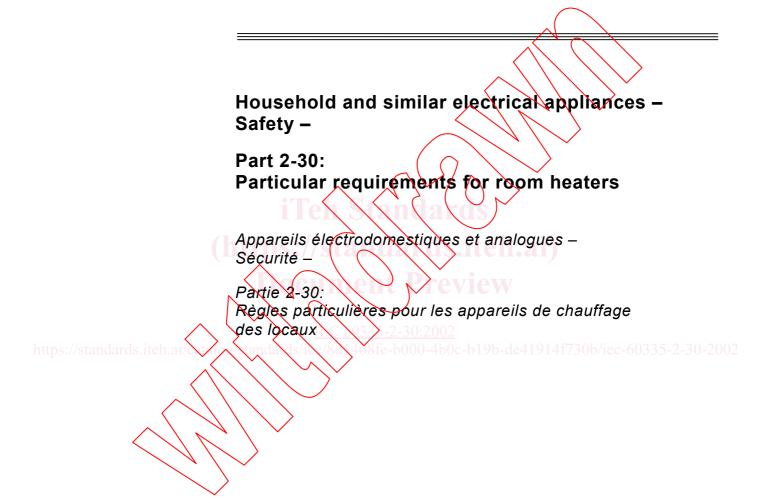
# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Fourth edition 2002-09





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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Fourth edition 2002-09

Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –

Part 2-30: Particular requirements for room heaters

Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité –

Partie 2-30: Règles particulières pour les appareils de chauffage des locaux

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

#### Part 2-30: Particular requirements for room heaters

#### FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical specifications, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
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- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with one of its standards.
- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The IEQ shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This part of International Standard IEC 60335 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 1996 and its amendment 1 (1999). It constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this part of IEC 60335 is based on the following documents:

$\backslash \backslash \backslash / \checkmark$	FDIS	Report on voting
	61/2166/FDIS	61/2246/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fourth edition (2001) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for electric room heaters.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification", or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2004. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 3.105: The immediate surround of a fireguard is extended to 50 mm (Austria, Germany and United Kingdom).
- 7.1: All heaters, except those for mounting at high level, are to be marked with a warning against covering (Norway).
- 7.1: All heaters, except those for permanent connection to fixed wiring, are to be marked with the minimum distances to combustible surfaces (Norway).
- 7.1: Appliances are not required to be marked "Do not cover" (USA).
- 7.12: Some of the instructions specified are to be marked on the heater (Norway and USA).
- Clause 11: The test methods are different (USA).
- 11.8: For other metal surfaces accessible to the test rod, the limit is 95 K (Australia).
  - 11.8: For all fixed heaters, other than those for mounting at high level, the limit is 115 K for metallic air-outlet grilles and their sufficience).
  - 11.8: For heaters used in hygiene rooms of dwellings, nurseries or after-school centres, the temperatures of surfaces accessible to the test finger of Figure 1 are not to exceed 60 °C (Sweden).
  - Clause 19: The tests are different (Canada and USA).
  - 19.103: Visibly glowing radiant heaters, other than those for mounting at high level, have to withstand the test of this subclause (Sweden).
  - 20.1: The test is different (USA).
  - 22.7: The test is different (USA).
  - 22.24: The test is different (USA).
  - 22.101: The requirement is different (Canada and USA).
  - 22.102: The requirement is different (Canada and USA).
  - 22.103: The requirement is different (Canada and USA).
  - 22.105: The requirement is different (USA).
  - 22.108: The requirement is different (USA).
  - 24.1.3: The number of cycles of operation is 6 000 (USA).
  - 24.1.4: Thermal cut-outs that protect heating elements against overheating, incorporated in fan heaters and in stationary heaters intended to be mounted on or near to a wall, other than those for mounting at high level, are to be of the non-self-resetting type (Sweden).
  - 25.3: Fixed appliances are to be appliances intended to be permanently connected to fixed wiring (France).

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

#### INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

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## HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

## Part 2-30: Particular requirements for room heaters

#### 1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of electric room heaters for household and similar purposes, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances.

NOTE 101 Examples of appliances that are within the scope of this standard are

- convector heaters;
- fan heaters;
- heaters for use in greenhouses.
- liquid-filled radiators;
- panel heaters;
- radiant heaters;
- tubular heaters;

Appliances not intended for normal household use but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in the shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances which are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

https:// - The use of appliances by young children or infirm persons without supervision; ec-60335-2-30-2002

playing with the appliance by young children.

NOTE 102 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary.
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour and similar authorities;
- for appliances intended to be used in the presence of combustible dust, for example in barns or stables, additional requirements may be necessary.

NOTE 103 This standard does not apply to

- appliances intended exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- heaters that are built into air conditioners (IEC 60335-2-40);
- clothes dryers and towel rails (IEC 60335-2-43);
- heaters for saunas (IEC 60335-2-53);
- thermal-storage room heaters (IEC 60335-2-61);
- heating appliances for breeding and rearing animals (IEC 60335-2-71);
- foot warmers and heating mats (IEC 60335-2-81);
- flexible sheet heating elements for room heating (IEC 60335-2-96);
- heated carpets;
- central heating systems;
- heating cables (IEC 60800).

## 2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-43, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-43: Particular requirements for clothes dryers and towel rails

ISO 2758, Paper – Determination of bursting strength

### 3 Definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 3.101

#### visibly glowing radiant heater

heater incorporating at least one visibly glowing heating element

#### 3.102

#### fan heater

heater in which the movement of the air over the heating element is assisted by a fan

#### 3.103

## heater for mounting at high level

heater intended to be fixed at a height of at least 1,8 m above the floor

#### 3.104

#### fireguard

that part of the enclosure of a **visibly glowing radiant heater** through which the heating tps://element is normally visible and which is intended to guard against direct access to the heating 0\_2002 element

#### 3.105

#### immediate surround

any surface within 25 mm of the boundary of an air-outlet grille or fireguard

NOTE Details of the way in which this distance is determined are shown in Figure 101 for air-outlet grilles and Figure 102 for **fireguards**.

#### 4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### **5.2** Addition:

NOTE 101 If heaters are intended to be installed adjacent to each other, a sufficient number are required in order to determine the effects of adjacent heaters on the appliance under test.

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**5.3** Addition:

The appliance that is used for the tests of Clause 19 is also used for the test of 22.24. The test of 22.24 is carried out after the tests of Clause 29 if it is carried out on the same appliance.

**5.6** Addition:

**Thermostats** sensitive to the room air temperature, such as those having a sensing element located in the air inlet, are short-circuited. However, if the **thermostat** can be set so that it does not cycle, it is not short-circuited.

NOTE 101 For electronic controls it may be necessary to render the sensing element inoperative instead of shortcircuiting the **thermostat**.

**5.10** Addition:

Heaters intended to be installed adjacent to each other are installed in accordance with the instructions.

**5.101** Heaters intended to be used as both **portable appliances** and **fixed appliances** are subjected to the tests applicable to both types of appliances.

**5.102** If the heater is a combination of two or more types, it is subjected to the tests relevant for each type, unless the tests for one type cover the other.

Heaters for wall-mounting are tested both as **heaters for mounting at high level** and as heaters for mounting other than at high level, unless the installation instructions state that the heater has to be installed at least 1,8 m above the floor.

#### 6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 6.2 Addition:

Heaters intended for use in greenhouses or building sites shall be at least IPX4.

## 7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part I is applicable except as follows.

#### 7.1 Addition:

Heaters intended to be filled with liquid by the user shall be marked with the maximum and minimum liquid levels.

Heaters shall be marked "Do not cover" or with symbol 5641 of IEC 60417-1. This marking is not required for

- heaters for mounting at high level;
- visibly glowing radiant heaters;
- heaters constructed so that they cannot be covered:
- heaters also intended to dry clothes and which comply with IEC 60335-2-43.