

Designation: C212 - 14 C212 - 17

Standard Specification for Structural Clay Facing Tile¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C212; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers structural clay load-bearing loadbearing facing tile. Structural facing tile are tile designed for use in interior and exterior unplastered walls and partitions of buildings.
- 1.2 The property requirements of this specification apply at the time of purchase. The use of results from testing of tile extracted from masonry structures for determining conformance or nonconformance to the property requirements (Section 6) of this standard is beyond the scope of this specification.
- 1.3 Tile covered by this specification are manufactured from clay, shale, or similar naturally occurring substances and subjected to a heat treatment at elevated temperatures (firing). The heat treatment must develop sufficient fired bond between the particulate constituents to provide the strength and durability requirements of this specification. (See *firing* and *fired bond* in Terminology C1232.)
- 1.4 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.
- 1.5 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

C67 Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile
C1232 Terminology of Masonry

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions—For definitions relating to structural clay facing tile, refer to Terminology C1232.

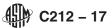
4. Classification

- 4.1 Two types of structural clay facing tile are covered, as follows:
- 4.1.1 *Type FTX*—Smooth-face tile suitable for general use in exposed exterior and interior masonry walls and partitions, and adapted for use where tile low in absorption, easily cleaned, and resistant to staining are required, and where a high degree of mechanical perfection, narrow color range, and minimum variation in face dimensions are desired.
- 4.1.2 Type FTS—Smooth- or rough-texture face tile suitable for general use in exposed exterior and interior masonry walls and partitions and adapted for use where tile of moderate absorption, moderate variation in face dimensions, and medium color range are permitted, and where minor defects in surface finish, including small handling chips, are not objectionable.
 - 4.2 Two classes of structural clay facing tile are covered, as follows:

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



- 4.2.1 Standard—Tile suitable for general use in exterior or interior masonry walls and partitions.
- 4.2.2 Special Duty—Tile suitable for general use in exterior or interior masonry walls and partitions, and designed to have superior resistance to impact and moisture transmission and to support greater lateral and compressive loads than standard tile construction.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:
- 5.1.1 *Type*—See 4.1.
- 5.1.2 Class—See 4.2. When class is not specified, the requirements for standard tile shall govern. If special duty tile are desired, the words "special duty" shall be included in the specifications. Special duty tile shall be accepted in lieu of standard tile except where the extra weight is an important factor in the loading of supporting members.
 - 5.1.3 *Texture and Color*—See Section 8.
 - 5.1.4 Sizes—See Section 9. Sizes shall be as specified.
- 5.1.5 *Number of Faces*—If two-face tile are desired, this shall be stated by the purchaser; otherwise, single-face tile may be furnished.

Note 1—See Section 13 for supplementary requirements applying to two-face tile.

6. Physical Properties

- 6.1 Absorption:
- 6.1.1 The tile shall conform to one of the requirements for water absorption of the type specified as prescribed in Table 1.
- 6.1.2 For Type FTS tile for use in masonry not exposed to frost action or in exposed masonry walls with an outside facing of 3 in. (76.2 mm) or more of stone, brick, or other masonry, limitations on absorption shall be waived.
 - 6.2 Compressive Strength:
 - 6.2.1 The tile shall conform to the requirements for compressive strength of the class specified as prescribed in Table 2.
- 6.2.2 Special duty tile shall be accepted in lieu of standard tile except where the extra weight is an important factor in the loading of supporting members.

7. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

- 7.1 *Tolerances on Dimensions*—The average size of the tile furnished shall approximate closely the size specified in the invitation for bids. The dimensions of individual tile shall not differ from the specified standard dimensions for the type specified by more than the amounts given in Table 3.
- 7.2 Tolerances on Warpage—Warpage of face or edges of individual tile from a plane surface or from a straight line, respectively, shall not exceed the amounts shown in Table 4 for the type specified.

8. Finish and Appearance

- 8.1 The body of all tile shall be of clay, shale, fire clay, or mixtures of these materials with or without admixtures, burned to meet the requirements of this specification. The body of all tile shall be free of cracks longer than one fourth of the dimension of the tile in the direction of the crack. The face or faces that will be exposed when in place shall be free of cracks that extend through the thickness of the face shell and free of chips that exceed the limits given in Table 5, except that percentages of the shipment are allowed additional chippage which shall not exceed the limits given in Table 6. The tile shall be free of other imperfections detracting from the appearance of the finished wall when viewed under diffused lighting at a distance of 10 ft (3.04 m) for Type FTX and at a distance of 15 ft (4.57 m) for Type FTS.
- 8.2 Plaster Base Finish—Surfaces of tile for plaster-base finish shall be smooth, scored, combed, or roughened. When smooth, the tile shall be free of glaze and the absorption shall be not less than 5 %. When scored, each groove shall be not less than ½ in. (1.6 mm) nor more than ¼ in. (6.4 mm) in depth and not more than 1 in. (25.4 mm) in width. The area covered by grooves shall not exceed 50 % of the area of the scored faces. When combed, the tile shall be scratched or scarified, prior to burning, by mechanical means which shall make scratches or scarifications on the surface of the tile not less than ½ in. (1.6 mm) nor more than ½ in. (3.2 mm) in depth, and not more than ¼ in. apart. When roughened, the die skin on the face of the tile shall be entirely broken by mechanical means, such as wire cutting or wire brushing. (The die skin is visible within the cells of the tile.)

TABLE 1 Maximum Water Absorption

Туре	By 24-h Submersion in Cold Water, %		By 1-h Boiling, %	
	Average	Individual	Average	Individual
FTX	7.0	9.0	9.0	11.0
FTS	13.0	16.0	16.0	19.0