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Designation: C1157/C1157M - 11 C1157/C1157M - 17

Standard Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1157/C1157M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This performance specification covers hydraulic cements for both general and special applications. There are no restrictions on the composition of the cement or its constituents (See Note 1).

NOTE 1—There are two related hydraulic cement standards, Specification C150 for portland cement and Specifications C595 for blended cements, both of which contain prescriptive and performance requirements

1.2 This performance specification classifies cements based on specific requirements for general use, high early strength, resistance to attack by sulfates, and heat of hydration. Optional requirements are provided for the property of low reactivity with alkali-silica-reactive aggregates and for air-entraining cements.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. Values in SI units [or inch-pound units] shall be obtained by measurement in SI units [or inch-pound units] or by appropriate conversion, using the Rules for Conversion and Rounding given in IEEE/ASTM SI 10, of measurements made in other units [or SI units]. Values are stated in only SI units when inch-pound units are not used in practice.

1.4 The text of this standard refers to notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) are not requirements of the standard.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

<u>1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.</u>

2. Referenced Documents talog/standards/sist/231825d1-6766-4700-8476-4a56fccd6ba7/astm-c1157-c1157m-17

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens) C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement
- C150 Specification for Portland Cement
- C151 Test Method for Autoclave Expansion of Hydraulic Cement
- C183 Practice for Sampling and the Amount of Testing of Hydraulic Cement
- C185 Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar
- C186 Test Method for Heat of Hydration of Hydraulic Cement

C188 Test Method for Density of Hydraulic Cement

C191 Test Methods for Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement by Vicat Needle

C204 Test Methods for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by Air-Permeability Apparatus

C219 Terminology Relating to Hydraulic Cement

C227 Test Method for Potential Alkali Reactivity of Cement-Aggregate Combinations (Mortar-Bar Method)

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

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¹ This performance specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C01 on Cement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C01.10 on Hydraulic Cements for General Concrete Construction.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



C359 Test Method for Early Stiffening of Hydraulic Cement (Mortar Method)

C430 Test Method for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by the 45-µm (No. 325) Sieve

C441 Test Method for Effectiveness of Pozzolans or Ground Blast-Furnace Slag in Preventing Excessive Expansion of Concrete Due to the Alkali-Silica Reaction

C451 Test Method for Early Stiffening of Hydraulic Cement (Paste Method)

C595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements

C596 Test Method for Drying Shrinkage of Mortar Containing Hydraulic Cement

C1012 Test Method for Length Change of Hydraulic-Cement Mortars Exposed to a Sulfate Solution

C1038 Test Method for Expansion of Hydraulic Cement Mortar Bars Stored in Water

IEEE/ASTM SI 10 Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): the Modern Metric System

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology C219.

4. Classification and Use

4.1 The types of hydraulic cement covered by this specification are given in 4.2.1 - 4.2.6 and are classified in accordance with specific properties defined in Table 1 (See Note 2).

NOTE 2-This specification is based on hydraulic cement attributes related to concrete performance, including strength development, sulfate resistance, heat of hydration, and resistance to alkali-silica reactivity. Concrete performance is dependent on many factors such as characteristics of other concrete materials, mix design, production, handling, and environmental conditions. For performance properties of concrete, including permeability, resistance to freeze-thaw cycles and deicer salt scaling, additional information may be obtained through the use of comparative testing of concretes.

4.2 Cements conforming to this specification shall be designated in accordance with the nomenclature with special characteristics indicated by type in accordance with the types in 4.2.1 - 4.2.6. When the type is not specified, the requirements of type GU shall apply.

4.2.1 Type GU—Hydraulic cement for general construction. Use when one or more of the special types are not required.

4.2.2 Type HE—High Early-Strength.

4.2.3 *Type MS*—Moderate Sulfate Resistance.

4.2.4 Type HS-High Sulfate Resistance.

4.2.5 Type MH—Moderate Heat of Hydration.

Ocument Preview 4.2.6 *Type LH*—Low Heat of Hydration.

4.3 Additional Options—The following additional purchase options apply for any of the principal types listed. When one or both of these options is invoked, its letter designation and title shall follow immediately after the respective letter designation and title of the principal type (for example, Type MS(R) or Type MS(A)).

4.3.1 Option R (low reactivity with alkali-silica-reactive aggregates)-When tested for potential activity with reactive aggregates, the cement shall meet the requirements of Table 1 for Option R.

4.3.2 Option A (air-entraining)—Air-entraining cements shall meet the air content requirements of Table 1 for Option A.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Orders for cement meeting the requirements of this specification shall include:

5.1.1 The specification designation ASTM C1157, and date,

5.1.2 The type of cement required. If no type is specified, Type GU shall be supplied.

5.1.3 A statement that an option is invoked, when such is desired, and

5.1.4 Manufacturer's certification, if required.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The chemical composition for the cement is not specified. However, the cement shall be analyzed for informational purposes.

7. Physical Properties

7.1 Cement of the type specified shall conform to all of the applicable standard physical requirements of Table 1.

7.2 When optional requirements are specified, the cement shall conform to the applicable optional limits of Table 1.

8. Sampling

8.1 When the purchaser requires that the cement be sampled and tested to verify compliance with this specification, sample in accordance with Practice C183. Provide adequate facilities for sampling the finished cement. Sample the finished cement at the mill or at the site of transfer of ownership as may be specified by the purchaser.



TABLE 1 Standard Physical Requirements

Cement Type Applicable Test Method GU HE MS HS MH LH Fineness C204, C430 A
Fineness C204, C430 A A A A A A A A A A Autoclave length change, max, % C151 0.80
Autoclave length change, max, %C151 C1910.80
Time of setting, vicat test ^B C191 Initial, not less than, minutes 45 45 45 45 45 Initial, not less than, minutes 420 <
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Initial, not more than, minutes 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 Air content of mortar volume, max, % ^C C185 12
Air content of mortar volume, max, % ^C C185 12
Compressive strength minimum, MPa [psi] ^D C109/C109M 1 day 12.0 [1740] 3 days 13.0 [1890] 24.0 [3480] 11.0 [1600] 5.0 [725] 7 days 20.0 [2900] 18.0 [2610] 11.0 [1600] 11.0 [1600] 28 days 28.0 [4060] 25.0 [3620] 21.0 [3050] Heat of hydration C186 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 290 [70]
minimum, MPa [psi] ^D 12.0 [1740] 290 [70] 250 [60] 290 [70] 250 [60] 290 [70] 250 [60] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] 290 [70] <td< td=""></td<>
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3 days 13.0 [1890] 24.0 [3480] 11.0 [1600] 5.0 [725] 7 days 20.0 [2900] 18.0 [2610] 18.0 [2610] 11.0 [1600] 11.0 [1600] 11.0 [1600] 28 days 28.0 [4060] 25.0 [3620] 21.0 [3050] Heat of hydration C186 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60]
7 days 20.0 [2900] 18.0 [2610] 11.0 [1600] 11.0 [1600] 28 days 28.0 [4060] 25.0 [3620] 21.0 [3050] Heat of hydration C186 290 [70] 250 [60] 7 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60]
28 days 28.0 [4060] 25.0 [3620] 21.0 [3050] Heat of hydration C186 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 290 [70] Wortar bar expansion C1038 C1038
Heat of hydration C186 7 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 290 [70] Mortar bar expansion C1038 C1038
7 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 250 [60] 28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] 290 [70] Mortar bar expansion C1038 C1038 290 [70]
28 days, max, kJ/kg [kcal/kg] 290 [70] Mortar bar expansion C1038
Mortar bar expansion C1038
14 days, % max 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020
Sulfate expansion C1012
(sulfate resistance) ^E
6 months, max, % 0.10 0.05
1 year, max, % 0.10
Optional Physical Requirements
Option A—Air entraining ^{C,F} C185
Air content of
mortar, vol %
max 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
min 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
Option R—Low reactivity with G227
aikail-silica-reactive aggregates
Expansion at
14 days, max, % 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.020
56 days, max, % 0.060 0.060 0.060 0.060 0.060 0.060
Early sumening, inal 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
penetration, min, %
Compressive strength, C109/C109M 28.0 22.0

^A Both amount retained when wet sieved on the 45-µm (No. 325) sieve and specific surface area by air permeability apparatus in m²/kg shall be reported on all certificates of test results requested from the manufacturer.

^B Time of setting refers to initial setting time in Test Method C191. TM C1157/C1157M-17

^CA given value of air content in mortar does not necessarily assure that the desired air content will be obtained in concrete.

^p Cements may be shipped prior to later-age test data being available. In such cases, the test value may be left blank. Alternatively, the manufacturer can generally provide estimates based on historical production data. The report shall indicate if such estimates are provided.

^E In the testing of HS cement, testing at one year shall not be required when the cement meets the 6-month limit. An HS cement failing the 6-month limit shall not be rejected unless it also fails the 1-year limit.

^FWhen this option is invoked, it replaces the maximum air content of mortar listed in the default table requirements. The minimum compressive strength of air-entraining cements shall be no less than 80 % of that of the comparable non-air-entraining cement type.

^G Compliance with this requirement shall not be requested unless the cement will be used with alkali-reactive aggregate.

^HAt the request of the purchaser, data on drying shrinkage shall be supplied.

8.2 Practice C183 is not designed for manufacturing quality control and is not required for manufacturer's certification.

9. Test Methods

9.1 When testing a cement for compliance with this specification, or for general characterization, use the following methods, with modifications or exceptions as indicated.

9.2 *Chemical Analysis*—Chemically analyze the cement using Test Methods C114 for major and minor oxides present in greatest quantity that together, including loss-on-ignition, constitute at least 98 % of the total mass of the cement.

9.3 Fineness:

9.3.1 Determine fineness by Test Method C204.

9.3.2 Determine amount retained on the 45-µm (No. 325) sieve by Test Method C430.

9.4 Determine autoclave expansion by Test Method C151, except that for cements with 1-day compressive strengths anticipated to be below 3.4 MPa [500 psi], store the test specimen in a moist cabinet for a period of 48 h before demolding and measuring their length.

9.5 Determine the time of setting using Test Method C191. Only the time of initial setting is required.