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### Designation: $A1075 - 12 A1075 - 12 (Reapproved 2017)^{e1}$

## Standard Specification for Flanged Steel U-Channel Posts<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A1075; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

 $\varepsilon^1$  NOTE—Table references in 8.2 and 8.3 were corrected editorially in September 2017.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers flanged U-channel carbon steel posts having a nominal weight ranging from 0.75 to 6.0 lb/ft and a nominal width ranging from 1.25 to 4.0 in. These posts are furnished in the as-wrought condition intended for applications requiring high tensile strength or crashworthiness and with a lower carbon (LC) designation for use where higher ductility or improved weldability are required. These materials are available in multiple yield strength levels of 50, 60, 70, and 80 ksi (345, 420, 485, and 550 MPa). The 50- and 60-ksi (345- and 420-MPa) yield strength grades are available as lower carbon posts, designated as Grades 50LC or 60LC.

NOTE 1—This specification does not cover high-strength low-alloy (HSLA) post. Refer to Specification A572/A572M for HSLA. For structural Grade 36, refer to Specification A36/A36M.

1.2 Units—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety safety, health, and health environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

<u>1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.</u>

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A1 Specification for Carbon Steel Tee Rails

A6/A6M Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling

- A29/A29M Specification for General Requirements for Steel Bars, Carbon and Alloy, Hot-Wrought A36/A36M Specification for Carbon Structural Steel
  - A123/A123M Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A499 Specification for Steel Bars and Shapes, Carbon Rolled from "T" Rails

A572/A572M Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Columbium-Vanadium Structural Steel

2.2 AASHTO Standard:

AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware<sup>3</sup>

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *crashworthiness*, *n*—ability of signs, signals, and other safety hardware to fail in such a manner so as not to shatter or cause injury to passengers in vehicles involved in an impact or collision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.15 on Bars.

Current edition approved March 1, 2012Sept. 1, 2017. Published April 2012September 2017. Originally approved in 2012. Last previous edition approved in 2012 as A1075–12. DOI: 10.1520/A1075-12.R17E01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, http://www.transportation.org.

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3.1.2 *lot*, n—for product produced from rolled "T" rails, a lot shall consist of material of the same size product produced in one shift in accordance with Specification A499.

3.1.3 *U-channel post, n*—bars with a "flanged U shape" to provide increased stiffness when loaded in the transverse direction, typically having punched holes and primarily used for the attachment of highway signs.

#### 4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material under this specification should include the following information:
- 4.1.1 Quantity (weight or number of pieces);
- 4.1.2 Name of material (steel posts);
- 4.1.3 Grade of steel (Grades 50, 50LC, 50LC, 60, 60LC, 70, or 80);
- 4.1.4 Weight per foot;
- 4.1.5 Condition (as-rolled, painted, powder coated, or galvanized);
- 4.1.6 Hole punching, if required;
- 4.1.7 ASTM designation and date of issue;
- 4.1.8 Certification, if required (Section 11);
- 4.1.9 Product marking; and

4.1.10 Product packaging and package marking.

NOTE 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 1000 pieces, flanged u-channel post, Grade 60, 8 ft (2.4 m) long, 2 lb (0.9 kg) per foot, as-rolled, ASTM AXXXX dated \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### 5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 Feedstock—Material may be manufactured from rerolled rail steel or rolled from billet steel.
- 5.2 Material produced from rerolled rails shall be made to conform to Specification A499.
- 5.3 Material produced from billet steel shall be made by the commercially available steel-making processes.
- 5.4 Posts shall be supplied in the hot rolled condition, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

#### 6. Chemical Composition

6.1 Material rerolled from rails shall conform to the chemistry requirements of Specification A1, as the chemistry is not significantly changed by the hot rolling process.

6.2 Material rolled from billets shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

6.2.1 The heat analysis report shall be furnished to the purchaser.

6.2.2 By agreement between the purchaser and supplier, limits can be established for elements or compounds not specified in Table 1.

6.2.3 The product analysis shall be permitted to vary from the heat analysis according to the limits established in Table A of Specification A6/A6M.

#### 7. Mechanical Properties

7.1 *Requirements*—The material as represented by the test specimens shall conform to the tensile requirements specified in Table 2.

7.2 Test Specimens—Test specimens may be taken from a full section or a machined section.

7.2.1 Sub-sized tensile specimens shall be taken from the flat part of the U-shaped section.

7.3 Test Method—Tensile tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A370.

#### 8. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

8.1 *Dimensions*—Because of differences in mill facilities, tolerances of post sections vary among the manufacturers and such tolerances are subject to agreement between manufacturer and purchaser.

| TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements <sup>A</sup> |           |           |                    |                |           |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Grades                                     | Carbon    | Manganese | Phosphorus,<br>max | Sulfur,<br>max | Silicon   |
| Standard                                   | 0.55–0.84 | 0.60-1.10 | 0.035              | 0.040          | 0.10-0.50 |
| LC                                         | 0.22-0.55 | 0.30-0.90 | 0.035              | 0.040          | 0.10-0.50 |

<sup>A</sup> Other alloying elements not specified in Table 1 may be typically added at the discretion of the producer, but shall be reported in the heat analysis.