



Designation: A756 – 17

Standard Specification for Stainless Anti-Friction Bearing Steel¹

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1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for chromium-carbon bearing quality stainless steel to be used in the manufacture of anti-friction bearings.

1.2 Supplementary Requirements of an optional nature are provided and when desired shall be so stated in the order.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[A484/A484M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Bars, Billets, and Forgings](#)

[A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products](#)

[E45 Test Methods for Determining the Inclusion Content of Steel](#)

[E381 Method of Macroetch Testing Steel Bars, Billets, Blooms, and Forgings](#)

[E1019 Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel, Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys by Various Combustion and Fusion Techniques](#)

[E1077 Test Methods for Estimating the Depth of Decarburization of Steel Specimens](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.28 on Bearing Steels.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

2.2 *Other Standards:*

[ISO 683 Part 17 Ball and Roller Bearing Steels](#)³

[SAE J418a Grain Size Determination of Steel](#)⁴

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for material under specification should include the following information:

3.1.1 Quantity,

3.1.2 Grade identification,

3.1.3 Specification designation and year of issue,

3.1.4 Dimensions, shape, and

3.1.5 Supplementary Requirements, if desired.

4. Process

4.1 The steel shall be made by a process that is capable of providing a high-quality product meeting the requirements of this specification.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 Typical examples of chemical compositions are shown in [Table 1](#). Other compositions may be specified.

5.2 An analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the steel manufacturer in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology [A751](#). The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in [Table 1](#) for the ordered grade or to requirements agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

5.3 Product analysis may be made by the purchaser in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology [A751](#). Permissible variations in product analysis shall be made in accordance with Specification [A484/A484M](#).

6. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

6.1 The size and shape of the material shall be agreed upon between manufacturer and purchaser.

6.2 Dimensional tolerances for hot-rolled or hot-rolled and annealed bars, in straight lengths or coils, and cold-finished

³ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), ISO Central Secretariat, BIBC II, Chemin de Blandonnet 8, CP 401, 1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland, <http://www.iso.org>.

⁴ Available from SAE International (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096, <http://www.sae.org>.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition^{A, B}

ISO ^C	Name	C	Mn	P (max)	S (max)	Si	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu (max)	O (max) ^D	Al (max)	Other
...	440C	0.95–1.20	1.00 max	0.040	0.030	1.00 max	16.00–18.00	0.75 max	0.40–0.65	0.50	0.0020	0.050	...
...	X30CrMoN15-1	0.25–0.35	1.00 max	0.030	0.025	1.00 max	14.00–16.00	0.30–0.50	0.85–1.10	...	0.0020	...	N 0.300–0.500
ISO	X47Cr14	0.43–0.50	1.00 max	0.040	0.015	1.00 max	12.50–14.50	...	...	...	0.0020	...	...
ISO	X65Cr14	0.60–0.70	1.00 max	0.040	0.015	1.00 max	12.50–14.50	...	0.75 max	...	0.0020	...	...
ISO	X108CrMo17	0.95–1.20	1.00 max	0.040	0.015	1.00 max	16.00–18.00	...	0.40–0.80	...	0.0020	...	...
ISO	X40CrMoVN16-2	0.37–0.45	0.60 max	0.025	0.015	0.60 max	15.00–16.50	0.30 max	1.50–1.90	...	...	...	V 0.20–0.40
ISO	X89CrMoV18-1	0.85–0.95	1.00 max	0.040	0.015	1.00 max	17.00–19.00	...	0.90–1.30	...	0.0020	...	V 0.07–0.12

^A Elements not quoted shall not be intentionally added to the steel without the agreement of the purchaser.

^B Intentional additions of calcium or calcium alloys for deoxidation or inclusion shape control are not permitted unless specifically approved by the purchaser.

^C Steels listed as ISO meet the requirements of ISO 683, Part 17, Third Edition, Table 3.

^D Oxygen content applies to product analysis and shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods E1019.

bars 0.500 in. (12.7 mm) and larger in diameter furnished under this specification shall conform to the requirements specified in the latest edition of Specification A484/A484M.

6.3 Dimensional tolerances for cold-finished coils for ball and roller material shall be as shown in Table 2.

6.4 Coil tolerances also apply to cold-finished straight lengths under 0.500 in. (12.7 mm) in diameter.

7. Quality Tests

7.1 The supplier shall be held responsible for the quality of the material furnished and shall make the necessary tests to ensure this quality. The supplier shall be required to report on the results of the macroetch and microinclusion rating tests detailed below. Quality tests shown in 7.2 through 7.4 are based upon procedures established in Test Methods E45.

7.2 *Sampling*—Samples taken in accordance with the following paragraphs shall be obtained from 4 by 4-in. (102 by 102-mm) rolled billets or forged sections. Tests may be made on smaller or larger sections by agreement with the purchaser. A minimum 3 to 1 reduction of rolled billets or forged sections is required for strand cast products.

7.2.1 For top poured products, a minimum of six samples representing the top and bottom of first, middle, and last usable ingots shall be examined.

7.2.2 For bottom poured products, a minimum of six samples shall be examined and they shall represent the top and bottom of three ingots. One ingot shall be taken at random from the first usable plate poured, one ingot, at random, from the usable plate poured nearest to the middle of the heat, and one ingot, at random, from the last usable plate poured. When two usable plates constitute a heat, two of the sample ingots shall be selected from the second usable plate poured. Where a single usable plate constitutes a heat, any three random ingots may be selected. Other methods of sampling shall be as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

TABLE 2 Dimensional Tolerances for Cold-Finished Coils

Size, in. (mm)	Total Tolerance, in. (mm)
Through 0.096 (2.44)	0.002 (0.05)
Over 0.096 to 0.270 (2.44 to 6.86), incl	0.003 (0.08)
Over 0.270 to 0.750 (6.86 to 19.1), incl	0.004 (0.10)

7.2.3 For strand cast products, a minimum of six samples representing the first, middle, and last portion of the heat cast shall be examined. At least one sample shall be taken from each strand.

7.3 *Macroetch*—Specimens representative of the full cross section of bars, billets, or blooms shall be macroetched and rated in accordance with Method E381 in hydrochloric acid and water (1:1) at a temperature of 160 to 180 °F (71 to 82 °C). Such specimens shall not exceed S2, R2, C2 of Method E381. Indications due to sulfur segregation (commonly referred to as Type A segregates) are not to be included in the rating. For ingot cast material only, if the size and weight of the bars, billets, or blooms prevent the full cross section from being macroetched, an oversize quarter-section may be used as an alternative. The quarter-section must meet the reduction requirement of 7.2 and contain both the surface and center of the original cross section before reduction.

7.4 *Inclusion Rating*—The specimens shall be 3/8 by 3/4 in. (9.5 by 19.1 mm) and shall be taken from an area halfway between the center and outside of the billet. The polished face shall be longitudinal to the direction of rolling. The scale used for rating the specimens shall be the Jernkontoret chart described in Test Methods E45, Plate I-A. Fields with sizes or numbers of all types of inclusions intermediate between configurations shown on the chart shall be classified as the lesser of the rating number. The worst field of each inclusion type from each specimen shall be recorded as the rating for the specimen. Two thirds of all specimens and at least one from each ingot tested, or from the first, middle, and last portion of the strands tested, as well as the average of all specimens, shall not exceed the rating specified in Table 3.

8. Response to Heat Treatment

8.1 For chemical composition 440C, specimens with sections 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in thickness, cut from a bar, billet, or forging, shall be placed in a furnace that is at 1875 ± 10 °F (1023.8 ± 5.5 °C), allowed to heat to 1875 ± 10 °F, held at heat 25 min, and cooled in still air. Hardness of such specimens shall be not lower than 58 HRC.

8.2 Samples heat treated as in 8.1 shall show a fracture grain size of No. 6 or finer. (See SAE J418a.)