Designation: E50 - 17

Standard Practices for Apparatus, Reagents, and Safety Considerations for Chemical Analysis of Metals, Ores, and Related Materials¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E50; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 These practices cover laboratory apparatus and reagents that are required for the chemical analysis of metals, ores and related materials by standard methods of ASTM. Detailed descriptions of recommended apparatus and detailed instructions for the preparation of standard solutions and certain nonstandardized reagents will be found listed or specified in the individual methods of analysis. Included here are general recommendations on the purity of reagents and protective measures for the use of hazardous reagents.
- 1.2 These recommendations are intended to apply to the ASTM methods of chemical analysis of metals when definite reference is made to these practices, as covered in Section 4.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. Specific hazards are given in Section 8.

Note 1—The use of the verb "shall" (with its obligatory third person meaning) in this standard has been confined to those aspects of laboratory safety where regulatory requirements are known to exist. Such regulations, however, are beyond the scope of these practices.

1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

E1 Specification for ASTM Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers

E77 Test Method for Inspection and Verification of Thermometers

E100 Specification for ASTM Hydrometers

E126 Test Method for Inspection, Calibration, and Verification of ASTM Hydrometers

E135 Terminology Relating to Analytical Chemistry for Metals, Ores, and Related Materials

E287 Specification for Laboratory Glass Graduated Burets

E288 Specification for Laboratory Glass Volumetric Flasks

E438 Specification for Glasses in Laboratory Apparatus

E542 Practice for Calibration of Laboratory Volumetric Apparatus

E694 Specification for Laboratory Glass Volumetric Apparatus

E969 Specification for Glass Volumetric (Transfer) Pipets E1044 Specification for Glass Serological Pipets (General Purpose and Kahn) 750c5cca4/astm-c50-17

E1621 Guide for Elemental Analysis by Wavelength Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometry

2.2 ISO Standard³

DIN EN ISO 1042 Laboratory glassware -- One-mark volumetric flasks

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms used in these practices, refer to Terminology E135.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 The inclusion of the following paragraph, or a suitable equivalent, in any standard (preferably after the section on

¹ These practices are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E01 on Analytical Chemistry for Metals, Ores, and Related Materials and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E01.20 on Fundamental Practices.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

TABLE 1 Chemical Reagents Specified in ASTM Methods fo	or Chemical Analysis of Metals
Name	Formula
* Acetic acid	CH ₃ COOH
Acetone	CH ₃ COCH ₃
Acetylacetone (2,4-pentanedione)	CH ₃ COCH ₂ COCH ₃
Alizarin-Red-S	$C_6H_4COC_6H-1,2-(OH)_2-3-SO_3NaCO$
Aluminon (aurintricarboxylic acid-ammonium	(4-HOC ₆ H ₃ -3-COONH ₄) ₂ C:C ₆ H-3-
salt)	(COONH ₄):O
Aluminum metal (99.9 % min)	Al
* Aluminum metal (sheet or rolled foil)	Al
Aluminum ammonium sulfate	$Al_2(NH_4)_2(SO_4)_4 \cdot 24H_2O$
Aluminum nitrate	Al(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O
Aluminum sulfate Aluminum svida fusad (Alundum)	$Al_2(SO_4)_3 \cdot 18H_2O$
Aluminum oxide, fused (Alundum) 1-Amino-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid	NH ₂ C ₁₀ H ₅ (OH)SO ₃ H
Ammonium acetate	CH ₂ COONH ₄
Ammonium benzoate	C ₆ H ₅ COONH ₄
Ammonium bifluoride	NH₄FHF
Ammonium bisulfate	NH ₄ HSO ₄
Ammonium bisulfite	NH ₄ HSO ₃
Ammonium carbonate	$(NH_4)_2CO_3$
* Ammonium chloride	NH ₄ Cl
* Ammonium citrate	CH ₂ (COONH ₄)C(OH)(COOH)CH ₂ COONH ₄
Ammonium fluoride	NH₄F
* Ammonium hydroxide ^A	NH₄OH
Ammonium iodide	NH ₄ I
Ammonium molybdate * Ammonium hostomolybdate tetrahydrate	$(NH_4)_2MoO_4$ $(NH_4)_6Mo_7O_{24}\cdot 4H_2O$
* Ammonium heptamolybdate tetrahydrate Ammonium nitrate	NH ₄ NO ₃
* Ammonium oxalate	NH ₄ OCOCOONH ₄ ·H ₂ O
* Ammonium phosphate, dibasic (diammonium	(NH ₄) ₂ HPO ₄
acid phosphate)	\ 4/2 - 4
* Ammonium persulfate (ammonium	$(NH_4)_2S_2O_8$
peroxydisulfate) * Ammorium gulfete	
Ammonium sunate	$(NH_4)_2SO_4$
* Ammonium tartrate	NH ₄ OCO(CHOH) ₂ COONH ₄
Ammonium thiocyanate Ammonium vanadate Ammonium vanadate	NH₄SCN
Antimony metal (powder)	NH ₄ VO ₃ Sb
Antimony, triploride	SbCl ₃
* Arsenic trioxide	As ₂ O ₃
Asbestos (for use with Gooch crucible)	-213
Barium Chloride	BaCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O
Barium diphenylamine sulfonate ASTM E50-17	$(C_6H_5NHC_6H_4-4-SO_3)_2Ba$
* Benzoic acid α -Benzoin oxime (benzoin anti-oxime) lards/sist/a01e3fb3-ded3-429d	C_6H_5COOH $C_6H_5CHOHC:NOHC_6H_5CO24/astm-e50-17$
Beryllium sulfate	BeSO ₄ ·4H ₂ O
Bismuth metal (99.9 % min)	Bi
Boric acid	H ₃ BO ₃
Bromocresol green (3',3",5',5"-tetrabromo- <i>m</i> -	C ₆ H ₄ SO ₂ OC(C ₆ H-3,5-Br ₂ -2-CH ₃ -4-OH) ₂
cresolsulfonephthalein)	0 4 2 (0) 2 0 /2
Bromocresol purple (5',5"-Dibromo-o-	$C_6H_4SO_2OC(C_6H_2-3-CH_3-5-Br-4-OH)_2$
cresolsulfonephthalein)	
Bromine (liquid)	Br ₂
Bromophenol blue (3',3",5',5"-	$C_6H_4SO_2OC(C_6H_2-3,5-Br_2-4-OH)_2$
tetrabromophenolsulfonephthalein) 1-Butanol	CH CH CH CH OH
Butyl acetate (normal)	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
Butyl doctate (normal)	0113000011201120113
* Cadmium chloride	CdCl ₂ ·2½ H ₂ O
Cadmium chloride, anhydrous	CdCl ₂
* † Calcium carbonate (low-boron)	CaCO ₃
Carbon dioxide (gas)	CO ₂
Carbon dioxide (solid)	CO ₂
Carbon tetrachloride	CCI ₄
Carminic acid	1,3,4-(HO) ₃ -2-C ₆ H ₁₁ O ₆ C ₆ COC ₆ H-5-COOH-6-
* Chloroform	OH-8-CH ₃ CO
* Chloroform Cinchonine	CHCI ₃
Citric acid	C ₁₉ H ₂₂ N ₂ O HOC(COOH)(CH ₂ COOH) ₂
Cobalt metal	Co
Cobalt metal Cobalt sulfate	CoSO₄
Coke	•
Congo red test paper	
Copper metal (99.9 % min)	Cu
* Copper metal (powder or turnings)	Cu

Copper metal (P-free) Copper metal (Mn, Ni, and Co-free, less than 0.001 % of each) Copper-rare earth oxide mixture m-Cresol purple (m-cresolsulfonephthalein) Cupircon Cupircon Cupirco chloride Cupric oxide (powder) Cupric potassium chloride Cupric potassium chloride Cupric potassium chloride Cupric potassium chloride Curoumin Devarda's alloy Diethylenetriamine pentaacetic acid ([[(carboxymethyl)imino]bis(ethylenenenitrilo)] tetraacetic acid) Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) Dithizon (diphenylthiocarbazone) Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt * Ethanol Cupi esset than CuClo ₂ -R ₃ -Q-C(C ₆ H ₃ -2-CH ₃ -4-OH) ₂ Cu ₆ H ₈ N(NO)ONH ₄ CuCl ₂ -2-C ₆ H ₈ N(NO)ONH ₄ CuCl ₂ -2-CH ₃ -4-OH) ₂ CuCl ₂ -2-C ₂ -Q Cu(NO ₃) ₂ -3H ₂ Q Cu(NO ₃) ₂ -3H ₂ Q CuCl ₂ -2-K-1-2-Q CuCl ₂ -2-K-1-1-Q CuCl ₂ -2-K-1-Q CuCl ₂ -2-K-1	
Copper metal (Mn, Ni, and Co-free, less than 0.001 % of each) Copper-rare earth oxide mixture m-Cresol purple (m-cresolsulfonephthalein) Cupfice ron Cupfic chloride * Cupric chloride * Cupric oxide (powder) Cupric oxide (powder) Cupric sulfate * Cupric sulfate Curcumin Devarda's alloy Diethylenetriamine pentaacetic acid ([(carboxymethyl)imino]bis(ethylenenenitrilo)] tetraacetic acid) * Dimethylglyoxime N.N' Diphenylbenzidine Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) * Disolium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate dihydrate Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol) Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone) Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * Celtylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid Cucum (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
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m-Cresol purple (m-cresolsulfonephthalein) Cupferron Cupric chloride Cupric roltrate Cupric roxide (powder) Cupric oxide (powder) Cupric sulfate Cucric sulfate Cucric sulfate Curcumin Curdic sulfate Curcumin Curdic sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Curdic sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Cupric sulfate Curcumin Cupric sulfate Cupri	
Cupferron Cupric chloride Cupric chloride Cupric chloride Cupric coxide (powder) Cupric potassium chloride Cupric potassiu	
Cupric chloride * Cupric nitrate * Cupric oxide (powder) Cupric potassium chloride * Cupric sulfate Curcumin Socu-45Al-5Lp Curcumin Curcum	
* Cupric nitrate	
Cupric potassium chloride * Cupric sulfate Curcumin Sucu-45Al-5Zn ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (([(carboxymethyl)imino]bis(ethylenenenitrilo)] tetraacetic acid) * Dimethylglyoxime N,N' Diphenylbenzidine Cightynenylbenzidine Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) * Disodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate dihydrate Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol) Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone) Curcumin Curcum Cu	
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Diethylenetriamine pentaacetic acid ([[(carboxymethyl)imino]bis(ethylenenenitrilo)] tetraacetic acid) * Dimethylglyoxime N,N' Diphenylbenzidine Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) * Disodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate dihydrate Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol) Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone) Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * EDTA (Disodium salt) ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH ((HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ D ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ D ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ D ₂ NCH ₂ COOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ D ₂ DeCOH (HOCOCH ₂) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ DeCOH (Galleners) (Hocoches)	
tetraacetic acid) * Dimethylglyoxime N,N' Diphenylbenzidine Diphenylcarbazide (1,5-diphenylcarbohydrazide) * Disodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate dihydrate Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol) Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone) Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * EDTA (Disodium salt) CH_3C:NOHC:NOHCH_3 CH_3CH_4CeH_4NHCeH_5 See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt CeH_5NHNHCNHNHCeH_5 See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol) CH_3CeH_3(SH)_2 CeH_5NHNHCSN:NCeH_5 1-HOC_{10}H_6-2-N:N-1-C_{10}H_4-2-OH-4-SO_3Na-6-NO_2 See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
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$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Dithiol (toluene-3,4-dithiol)} & \text{CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{SH})_2 \\ \text{Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone)} & \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NHNHCSN:NC}_6\text{H}_5 \\ \\ \text{Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-} & 1-\text{HOC}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{-}2\text{-N:N-1-C}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{-}2\text{-OH-4-SO}_3\text{Na-6-} \\ \text{NO}_2 & \text{EDTA (Disodium salt)} & \text{See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid} \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{disodium salt} & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$	
Dithizone (diphenylthiocarbazone) $C_6H_5NHNHCSN:NC_6H_5$ Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)- 6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) NO_2 * EDTA (Disodium salt) See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
Eriochrome black-T (1(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)- 6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * EDTA (Disodium salt) 1-HOC ₁₀ H ₆ -2-N:N-1-C ₁₀ H ₄ -2-OH-4-SO ₃ Na-6- NO ₂ See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * EDTA (Disodium salt) NO2 * EDTA (Disodium salt) See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
6-nitro-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt) * EDTA (Disodium salt) NO2 * EDTA (Disodium salt) See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
* EDTA (Disodium salt) See (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt	
* Ethanol	
2 3	
* Ethyl ether (diethyl ether) C ₂ H ₅ OC ₂ H ₅ * (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid disodium salt HOCOCH ₂ (NaOCOCH ₂)NCH ₂ N(CH ₂ COONa)CH ₂ COOH·2l	10
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (2-methoxy-	120
ethanol)	
(https://standards.itah.ai)	
* Ferric chloride (https://standards.lfectis-6H2O)	
Fe(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O	
Ferric sulfate Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ ·nH ₂ O * Ferrous ammonium sulfate Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ ·nH ₂ O Fe(NH ₄) ₂ (SO ₄) ₂ ·6H ₂ O	
* Ferrous sulfate FeSO ₄ -7H ₂ O	
Fluoroboric acid	
Fluorescein, sodium salt $2NaOCOC_6H_4C:C_6H_3-3(:O)OC_6H_3-6-ONa$	
Formaldehyde ASTM E50-17 HCHO	
* Formic acid* HCOOH https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a01e3fb3-ded3-429d-bb1d-b3a750c5cca4/astm-e50-17	
Gelatin	
Graphite C	
Glass wool	
Glycerol CH ₂ OHCHOHCH ₂ OH	
Hydrazine sulfate NH ₂ NH ₂ ·H ₂ SO ₄	
* Hydrobromic acid ^A HBr	
* Hydrochloric acid ^A HCI	
* Hydrofluoric acid ⁴ HF	
Hydrogen chloride gas * Undergon persoids	
* Hydrogen peroxide ${\rm H_2O_2}$ Hydrogen sulfide gas ${\rm H_2S}$	
Hydrogen sulfide gas H_2S Hydroquinone $1,4$ -(OH) $_2C_6H_4$	
* Hydroxylamine hydrochloride NH ₂ OH-HCl	
* Hypophosphorous acid ^B H ₃ FO ₂	
Invert sugar	
* lodine $$\rm l_2$$ Iron metal or wire (99.8 % min) $$\rm Fe$$	
Isopropyl ether (CH ₃) ₂ CHOCH(CH ₃) ₂	
(3/2(3/2	
Lead metal Pb	
* Lead acetate Pb(CH ₃ COO) ₂	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
Lead mirate PD(NO ₃) ₂ Litmus	
Lithium fluoride LiF	
Magnesium metal (Sn-free) Mg	
Magnesium perchlorate, anhydrous Mg(ClO ₄) ₂	

	IADEL	Commuca	
Name			Formula
* Magnesium sulfate			MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O
Manganese metal (99.8 % min)			Mn
. ,			
Manganous nitrate			Mn(NO ₃) ₂
Manganous sulfate			MnSO ₄ ·H ₂ O
Mannitol			CH ₂ OH(CHOH) ₄ CH ₂ OH
Marble chips			
* Mercuric chloride			HgCl ₂
* Mercury			Hg
* Methanol			CH₃OH
Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-methyl-2-pentanone)			CH ₃ COCH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
* Methyl orange (p[[p-			$4-NaOSO_2C_6H_4N:NC_6H_4-4-N(CH_3)_2$
dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]benzenesulfonic acid			
sodium salt)			
Methyl purple			formula unknown, patented
* Methyl red (o -[[(p-			4-(CH ₃) ₂ NC ₆ H ₄ N:NC ₆ H ₄ -2-COOH
dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]benzoic acid)			
Molybdenum metal (99.8 % min)			Mo
Molybdic acid, anhydride (molybdenum trioxide)			MoO_3
Molybdic acid (ammonium paramolybdate)			Assay: as MoO ₃ —85 %
Morin, anhydrous (2',3,4',7-penta			5,7-(HO) ₂ C ₆ H ₂ OC(C ₆ H ₃ -2,4-(OH) ₂):C(OH)CO
hydroxyflavone)			3,7 (1.10/206.12 00(06.13 =,1 (0.172/10(0.1700
Try droxy navorio)			
β-Naphthoquinoline (5,6-benzoquinoline)			C ₁₀ H ₆ CH:CHCH:N
			(CH ₃) ₂ C ₁₂ H ₆ N ₂ · ₁₂ H ₂ O
Neocuproine (2,9-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline) Nickel metal (99.8 % min)			Ni
Nickel metal (sheet)			Ni
Nickelous nitrate			
			Ni(NO ₃) ₂ ·6H ₂ O
Nickelous sulfate			NiSO ₄ ·6H ₂ O
* Nitric acid ^A			HNO ₃
Nitrogen gas (oxygen-free)			N_2
Nitrogen, liquid			N_2
<i>m</i> -Nitrophenol			$NO_2C_6H_4OH$
1-Nitroso-2-naphthol(α-nitroso-β-naphthol)			NOC ₁₀ H ₆ OH
Nitroso-R-salt (1-nitroso-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic			1-NOC ₁₀ H ₄ -2-(OH)-3,6-(SO ₃ Na) ₂
acid disodium salt)			
acid disodium sail) https://sta			
Osmium tetraoxide			OsO ₄
Oxalic acid			(COOH) ₂
Oxygen gas			O_2
* Perchloric acid ^A			HCIO ₄
1,10-Phenanthroline (o -phenanthroline)			CH:CHCH:NC:CCH:CHC:CN:CHCH:CH·H ₂ O
* Phenolphthalein			$C_6H_4COOC(C_6H_4-4-OH)_2$
* Phosphoric acid			H ₃ PO ₄
Piperidine teh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a			NH(CH ₂) ₄ CH ₂ 750c5cca4/astm-e50-17
Platinized quartz			(12/41/22/10/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/
Platinized silica gel			
Platinum gauze			Pt
* Potassium biphthalate			1-KOCOC ₆ H ₄ -2-COOH
Potassium bisulfate			KHSO ₄
* Potassium bromate			KBrO ₃
* Potassium bromide			KBr
* Potassium chlorate			KCIO ₃
* Potassium chloride			KCI
* Potassium chromate			K ₂ CrO ₄
			4K ₂ O·3Cb ₂ O ₅ ·16H ₂ O
Potassium columbate * Potassium cyanide			4K ₂ O·3CD ₂ O ₅ ·16H ₂ O KCN
,			
* Potassium dichromate			$K_2Cr_2O_7$
* Potassium ferricyanide			K ₃ Fe(CN) ₆
Potassium ferrocyanide			K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆ ·3H ₂ O
* Potassium fluoride			KF-2H ₂ O
* Potassium hydroxide			KOH
* Potassium iodate			KIO ₃
* Potassium iodide			KI
Potassium iodide starch paper			
* Potassium nitrate			KNO ₃
* Potassium <i>m</i> -periodate			KIO ₄
* Potassium permanganate			KMnO ₄
Potassium persulfate			K ₂ S ₂ O ₈
Potassium phosphate, monobasic			KH_2PO_4
* Potassium pyrosulfate			K ₂ S ₂ O ₇
* Potassium sulfate			K ₂ SO ₄
Potassium tantalum fluoride			K ₂ TaF
Potassium thiocarbonate			
* Potassium thiocyanate			K ₂ CS ₃ KSCN
r otassium imooyanate			NOOH

TABLE 1 Continued	
Name	Formula
Pyrogallic acid (pyrogallol)	C ₆ H ₃ -1,3-(OH) ₃
Quinine sulfate 8-Quinolinol (8-hydroxyquinoline)	$(C_{20}H_{24}N_2O_2)_2 \cdot H_2SO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$ $HOC_6H_3N:CHCH:CH$
Sebacic acid Selenium (powder)	HOCO(CH ₂) ₈ COOH Se
Silicon dioxide (silica)	SiO ₂
* Silver nitrate Soda-lime	AgNO ₃
Soda-mica mineral (CO ₂ absorbent)	
Sodium acetate	CH ₃ COONa
Sodium arsenite	NaAsO ₂
Sodium azide * Sodium bicarbonate	NaN ₃ NaHCO ₃
* Sodium bismuthate	NaBiO ₃
Sodium bisulfate	see sodium hydrogen sulfate
* Sodium bisulfate, fused	see sodium hydrogen sulfate, fused
Sodium bisulfite * Sodium borate	NaHSO ₃ Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ ·10H ₂ O
* Sodium carbonate, anhydrous	Na ₂ CO ₃
Sodium chlorate	NaClO ₃
Sodium chloride	NaCl
Sodium citrate Sodium cyanide	HOC(COONa)(CH ₂ COONa) ₂ ·2H ₂ O NaCN
Sodium diethyldithiocarbamate	(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ NCSSNa·3H ₂ O
Sodium dimethylglyoximate	CH ₃ C(:NONa)C(:NONa)CH ₃ ·8H ₂ O
Sodium diphenylamine sulfonate	$C_6H_5NHC_6H_4-4-SO_3Na$
Sodium dithionite (hydrosulfite) * Sodium fluoride	$Na_2S_2O_4$ NaF
Sodium hydrogen sulfate	NaHSO ₄
Sodium hydrogen sulfate, fused * Sodium hydroxide	A mixture of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₇ and NaHSO ₄ NaOH
Sodium hypophosphite Sodium molybdate	$NaH_2PO_2 \cdot H_2O$ $Na_2MoO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$
Sodium molybdate Sodium nitrate	NaNO ₃
Sodium nitrite	NaNO ₂
Sodium oxalate Sodium perchlorate	NaOCOCOONa NaCO
Sodium perchlorate Sodium peroxide	NaClO ₄ Na ₂ O ₂
Sodium phosphate, dibasic, anhydrous	Na ₂ HPO ₄
Sodium pyrophosphate	Na ₄ P ₂ O ₇ ·10H ₂ O
Sodium pyrosulfate Sodium sulfate, anhydrous	$Na_2S_2O_7$ Na_2SO_4
Sodium sulfide Lat/catalog/standards/sist/a01e3fb3-ded3-429d	Na ₂ S.9H ₂ O 3a750c5cca4/astm-e50-17
Sodium sulfite Sodium sulfite, anhydrous	Na ₂ SO ₃ ·7H ₂ O Na ₂ SO ₃
Sodium thiocyanate	NaSCN
* Sodium thiosulfate	$Na_2S_2O_3 \cdot 5H_2O$
* Sodium tungstate * Stannous chloride	Na ₂ WO ₄ ·2H ₂ O
* Starch	$SnCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ $(C_6H_{10}O_5)_x$
Succinic acid	HOCOCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH
Sulfamic acid	NH ₂ SO ₃ H
Sulfatoceric acid (ceric sulfate) 5-Sulfosalicylic acid	$H_4Ce(SO_4)_4$ 2- HOC_6H_3 -1-COOH-5-SO ₃ H·2H ₂ O
Sulfur dioxide gas	SO ₂
* Sulfuric acid ^A	$H_2 SO_4$
* Sulfurous acid ^A	H ₂ SO ₃
Talc	
* Tartaric acid	HOCO(CHOH)₂COOH
Test lead Tetrapropylammonium hydroxide	Pb (CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂) ₄ NOH
Thioglycollic acid (mercaptoacetic acid)	CH ₂ SHCOOH
Thiourea	NH ₂ CSNH ₂
Tin metal (99.9 %min)	Sn TiO
Titanium dioxide Titanium metal (low Sn)	TiO ₂ Ti
Triethanolamine (2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol)	(CH ₂ OHCH ₂) ₃ N
Uranium oxide	U ₃ O ₈
* Uranyl nitrate	$UO_2(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$
Urea	NH ₂ CONH ₂

Name	Formula
Zinc (99.9 % min)	Zn
Zinc metal (S-free)	Zn
Zinc oxide	ZnO
Zinc sulfate	ZnSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O
Zirconium oxide	ZrO ₂
Zirconium metal	Zr
Zirconyl chloride	ZrOCl ₂ ·8H ₂ O

^{A *} Reagent on which ACS specifications exist.

Scope) is due notification that the apparatus and reagents required in that standard are subject to the recommendations set forth in these practices.

"Apparatus and Reagents—Apparatus and reagents required for each determination are listed in separate sections preceding the procedure. Apparatus, standard solutions, and certain other reagents shall conform to the requirements prescribed in ASTM Practices E50, for Apparatus, Reagents, and Safety Considerations for Chemical Analysis of Metals, Ores, and Related Materials."

4.2 It is assumed that the users of these practices will be trained analysts capable of performing common laboratory procedures skillfully and safely. It is expected that work will be performed in a properly-equipped laboratory.

5. Purity of Water and Reagents

- 5.1 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, references to water shall be understood to mean reagent water conforming to Type I or II of Specification D1193. Type III or IV may be used if they effect no measurable change in the blank or sample.
- 5.2 Reagents—Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society when such specifications are available.⁴ Other grades may be used, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the

accuracy of the determination. In addition to this, it is desirable in many cases for the analyst to ensure the accuracy of his results by running blanks or checking against a comparable sample of known composition.

6. Reagents

- 6.1 Concentrated Acids, Ammonium Hydroxide, and Hydrogen Peroxide—When acids, ammonium hydroxide, and hydrogen peroxide are specified by name or chemical formula only, it is understood that concentrated reagents of the specific gravities or concentrations shown in Table 2 are intended. The specific gravities or concentrations of all other concentrated acids are stated wherever they are specified.
- 6.2 Diluted Acids and Ammonium Hydroxide—Concentrations of diluted acids and ammonium hydroxide, except when standardized, are specified as a ratio stating the number of volumes of the concentrated reagent to be diluted with a given number of volumes of water, as in the following example: HCl (5 + 95) means 5 volumes of concentrated HCl (sp gr 1.19) diluted with 95 volumes of water.
- 6.3 Standard Solutions—Concentrations of standard solutions are stated as molarities or normalities, expressed decimally; or the equivalent of 1 mL of solution in terms of grams, milligrams, or micrograms of a given element expressed as "1 mL = x.xx—g, mg, or μg of..."
- 6.4 Nonstandard Solutions—Composition of nonstandard solutions prepared by dissolving a given mass of the solid reagent in a solvent are specified in grams of the salt as weighed per litre of solution, and it is understood that water is the solvent unless otherwise specified. For example, to prepare

TABLE 2 Composition of Acids, Ammonium Hydroxide, and Hydrogen Peroxide

Nome	Formula	Specific	Reagent, Mass Fraction, %		
Name	Formula	Gravity, Approximate	Nominal	Min	Max
Acetic acid	CH ₃ COOH	1.05		99.5	
Formic acid	HCOOH	1.20		88.0	•••
Hydrobromic acid	HBr	1.49	48	47.0	49.0
Hydrochloric acid	HCI	1.19		35.0	38.0
Hydrofluoric acid	HF	1.15		48.0	51.0
Nitric acid	HNO ₃	1.42		69.0	71.0
Perchloric acid	HCIO₄	1.67		70.0	72.0
Phosphoric acid	H₃PO₄	1.69		85.0	
Sulfuric acid	H ₂ SO ₄	1.84		95.0	98.0
Sulfurous acid	H ₂ SO ₃	1.03		6.0(SO ₂)	
Ammonium hydroxide	NH₄OH	0.90		27.0(NH ₃)	30.0 (NH ₃)
Hydrogen peroxide	H ₂ O ₂	1.10	30	28.0	

[†] ACS specification exists but does not cover all requirements.

For concentration of laboratory reagent, see Table 2.

^B Contains at least 50 % H₃PO₂.

⁴ Reagent Chemicals, American Chemical Society Specifications, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, www.chemistry.org . For suggestions on the testing of reagents not listed by the American Chemical Society, see the *United States Pharmacopeia* and 4.2 National Formulary, U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. (USPC), Rockville, MD, www.usp.org.