



Designation: C618 – 17

# Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C618; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers coal fly ash and raw or calcined natural pozzolan for use in concrete where cementitious or pozzolanic action, or both, is desired, or where other properties normally attributed to fly ash or pozzolans may be desired, or where both objectives are to be achieved.

NOTE 1—Finely divided materials may tend to reduce the entrained air content of concrete. Hence, if a fly ash or natural pozzolan is added to any concrete for which entrainment of air is specified, provision should be made to ensure that the specified air content is maintained by air content tests and by use of additional air-entraining admixture or use of an air-entraining admixture in combination with air-entraining hydraulic cement.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes, which provide explanatory information. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

[C125 Terminology Relating to Concrete and Concrete Aggregates](#)

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.24 on Supplementary Cementitious Materials.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2017. Published October 2017. Originally approved in 1968. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as C618–15. DOI: 10.1520/C0618-17.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[C311/C311M Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Fly Ash or Natural Pozzolans for Use in Portland-Cement Concrete](#)

[C1778 Guide for Reducing the Risk of Deleterious Alkali-Aggregate Reaction in Concrete](#)

## 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 The terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology [C125](#).

3.1.2 *fly ash*—the finely divided residue that results from the process of combustion of ground or powdered coal and that is transported by flue gasses.

NOTE 2—This definition of fly ash does not include, among other things, the residue resulting from: (1) fluidized bed combustion ash, (2) the burning of municipal solid waste or any other refuse with coal, or (3) the burning of industrial or municipal solid waste in incinerators commonly known as “incinerator ash.”

## 4. Classification

4.1 *Class N*—Raw or calcined natural pozzolans that comply with the applicable requirements for the class as given herein, such as some diatomaceous earths; opaline cherts and shales; tuffs and volcanic ashes or pumicites, calcined or uncalcined; and various materials requiring calcination to induce satisfactory properties, such as some clays and shales.

4.2 *Class F*—Fly ash that meets the applicable requirements for this class as given herein. This class of fly ash has pozzolanic properties.

4.3 *Class C*—Fly ash that meets the applicable requirements for this class as given herein. This class of fly ash, in addition to having pozzolanic properties, also has some cementitious properties.

NOTE 3—Class F fly ash is typically produced from burning anthracite or bituminous coal, but may also be produced from subbituminous coal and from lignite. Class C fly ash is typically produced from burning lignite or subbituminous coal, and may also be produced from anthracite or bituminous coal. Class C fly ashes typically have total calcium contents, expressed as calcium oxide (CaO), that are higher than Class F fly ashes.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements**

	Class		
	N	F	C
Silicon dioxide (SiO <sub>2</sub> ) plus aluminum oxide (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) plus iron oxide (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ), min, %	70.0	70.0	50.0
Sulfur trioxide (SO <sub>3</sub> ), max, %	4.0	5.0	5.0
Moisture content, max, %	3.0	3.0	3.0
Loss on ignition, max, %	10.0	6.0 <sup>A</sup>	6.0

<sup>A</sup>The use of Class F pozzolan containing up to 12.0 % loss on ignition may be approved by the user if either acceptable performance records or laboratory test results are made available.

**TABLE 2 Physical Requirements**

	Class		
	N	F	C
<i>Fineness:</i>			
Amount retained when wet-sieved on 45 µm (No. 325) sieve, max, %	34	34	34
<i>Strength activity index:</i> <sup>A</sup>			
With portland cement, at 7 days, min, percent of control	75 <sup>B</sup>	75 <sup>B</sup>	75 <sup>B</sup>
With portland cement, at 28 days, min, percent of control	75 <sup>B</sup>	75 <sup>B</sup>	75 <sup>B</sup>
Water requirement, max, percent of control	115	105	105
<i>Soundness:</i> <sup>C</sup>			
Autoclave expansion or contraction, max, %	0.8	0.8	0.8
<i>Uniformity requirements:</i>			
The density and fineness of individual samples shall not vary from the average established by the ten preceding tests, or by all preceding tests if the number is less than ten, by more than:			
Density, max variation from average, %	5	5	5
Percent retained on 45-µm (No. 325), max variation, percentage points from average	5	5	5

<sup>A</sup> The *strength* activity index with portland cement is not to be considered a measure of the compressive strength of concrete containing the fly ash or natural pozzolan. The mass of fly ash or natural pozzolan specified for the test to determine the *strength* activity index with portland cement is not considered to be the proportion recommended for the concrete to be used in the work. The optimum amount of fly ash or natural pozzolan for any specific project is determined by the required properties of the concrete and other constituents of the concrete and is to be established by testing. *Strength* activity index with portland cement is a measure of reactivity with a given cement and is subject to variation depending on the source of both the fly ash or natural pozzolan and the cement.

<sup>B</sup> Meeting the 7 day or 28 day *strength* activity index will indicate specification compliance.

<sup>C</sup> If the fly ash or natural pozzolan will constitute more than 20 % by mass of the cementitious material in the project mixture, the test specimens for autoclave expansion shall contain that anticipated percentage. Excessive autoclave expansion is highly significant in cases where water to cementitious material ratios are low, for example, in block or shotcrete mixtures.

ASTM C618-17

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## 5. Ordering Information

5.1 The purchaser shall specify any supplementary optional physical requirements.

5.2 The purchaser shall indicate which procedure, A or B, shall be used when specifying requirements for effectiveness in contribution to sulfate resistance under **Table 3**.

## 6. Chemical Composition

6.1 Fly ash and natural pozzolans shall conform to the requirements as to chemical composition prescribed in **Table 1**.

NOTE 4—The chemical component determinations and the limits placed on each do not predict the performance of the fly ash or natural pozzolan with hydraulic cement in concrete, but collectively help describe composition and uniformity of the material.

## 7. Physical Properties

7.1 Fly ash and natural pozzolans shall conform to the physical requirements prescribed in **Table 2**. Supplementary optional physical requirements are shown in **Table 3**.

## 8. Methods of Sampling and Testing

8.1 Sample and test the fly ash or natural pozzolan in accordance with the requirements of Test Methods **C311/C311M**.

8.2 Use cement of the type proposed for use in the work and, if available, from the mill proposed as the source of the cement, in all tests requiring the use of hydraulic cement.

## 9. Storage and Inspection

9.1 The fly ash or natural pozzolan shall be stored in such a manner as to permit easy access for proper inspection and identification of each shipment.

9.2 Inspection of the material shall be made as agreed upon by the purchaser and the seller as part of the purchase contract.

## 10. Rejection

10.1 The purchaser has the right to reject material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification. Rejection shall be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing.