



Designation: E2501 – 11 (Reapproved 2017)

Standard Specification for Light Source Products for Inspection of Fluorescent Coatings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E2501; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification provides the requirements for light source products intended for excitation of fluorescent materials used as a system for detection of defects in industrial coatings. This includes the examination of both longer wavelength fluorescing primer coatings as well as non-fluorescent top coatings.

1.2 This specification establishes the radiometric requirements of the light source product in terms of required wavelength range and minimum irradiance.

1.3 This specification establishes safety requirements for the light source product necessary to ensure the product will not pose a threat to visual health.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[E284 Terminology of Appearance](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E12 on Color and Appearance and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E12.05 on Fluorescence.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2017. Published November 2017. Originally approved in 2006. Last previous edition approved in 2011 as E2501 – 11. DOI: 10.1520/E2501-11R17.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[E1341 Practice for Obtaining Spectroradiometric Data from Radiant Sources for Colorimetry](#)

[G138 Test Method for Calibration of a Spectroradiometer Using a Standard Source of Irradiance](#)

2.2 *IEC Standards:*³

[IEC 62471-2:2006 Edition 1—Photobiological Safety of Lamps and Lamp Systems](#)

2.3 *ANSI Standards:*⁴

[ANSI/IESNA RP27.3-2005 Photobiological Safety for Lamps and Lamp Systems — General Requirements](#)

[ANSI/ISEA Z87.1 Occupational and Educational Personal Eye and Face Protection Devices](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The definitions of terms in Terminology [E284](#) are applicable to this standard.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Light source products conforming to this specification are intended to be used in conjunction with coatings specially formulated with fluorescent colorants as a system for the visual detection of defects in industrial protective coatings.

4.2 Visible fluorescence from the coating enhances the contrast of coating irregularities and defects and is produced by excitation of visible-activated fluorescent colorants in the coating.

4.3 Light source products with defined wavelength and intensity properties are required to produce adequate visible fluorescence for easy visual location of defects.

4.4 A light source product is considered to consist of a light source component incorporated into an optical, electrical, mechanical, and power supply system that makes it suitable for use in an industrial environment. The entire light source product is subject to this standard. The light source component and any subassemblies of the light source product are not subject to this standard.

³ Available from International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), 3, rue de Varembé, P.O. Box 131, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, <http://www.iec.ch>.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.