

Designation: E2043 - 99 (Reapproved 2017)

Standard Test Method for Nonvolatile Matter of Agricultural Adjuvant Solutions by Thermogravimetry¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E2043; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of the non-volatile matter of agricultural tank mix adjuvant solutions by thermogravimetry.
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

E473 Terminology Relating to Thermal Analysis and Rheology

E1131 Test Method for Compositional Analysis by Thermogravimetry

E1519 Terminology Relating to Agricultural Tank Mix Adjuvants

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E35 on Pesticides, Antimicrobials, and Alternative Control Agents and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E35.22 on Pesticide Formulations and Delivery Systems.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2017. Published December 2017. Originally approved in 1999. Last previous edition approved in 2012 as E2043 - 99 (2012). DOI: 10.1520/E2043-99R17.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.1.1 *nonvolatile matter, n*—the matter remaining after heating an agricultural adjuvant solution at 50 ± 2.5 °C for 16 h.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 This test method is an empirical technique using thermogravimetry in which the mass of an agricultural adjuvant, heated at a controlled rate in an appropriate environment, is recorded as a function of time and temperature. Nonvolatile matter is the mass remaining after heating at a specific time and temperature.

5. Significance and Use

- 5.1 This test method is intended for use in quality control, material screening, and related problem solving where a nonvolatile content is desired or a comparison can be made with a known material of the same type.
- 5.2 The parameters described may be altered to suit a particular analysis, provided the changes are noted in the report.

6. Apparatus

- 6.1 Aluminum Weighing Dishes, flat bottom, 70 mL capacity
 - 6.2 Analytical Balance, with a sensitivity of 0.01 g.
 - 6.3 Desiccator.
- 6.4 *Drying Oven*, gravity convection-type, capable of maintaining a temperature of 50 ± 2.5 °C. If many determinations of solvent-based adjuvants are being made at the same time, an explosion-proof oven should be used.

7. Procedure

- 7.1 Bring the material to be tested to equilibrium temperature at 25 ± 5 °C.
- 7.2 Dry two flat-bottomed aluminum weighing dishes in an oven at $50 \pm 2.5^{\circ}$ C for 1 h. Allow the dishes to return to ambient temperature in a desiccator.
- 7.3 Weigh each dish, making the determination in duplicate. Record the weight of the weighing dish to the nearest 0.01 g.
- 7.4 Add approximately 2.0 ± 0.1 g of agricultural adjuvant solution to the aluminum weighing dish. Record the total weight of the sample and dish to the nearest 0.01 g.