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Designation: F2216 - 17 F2216 - 17a

An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Selectorized Strength Equipment¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2216; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

The goal of this specification is to promote proper design and manufacturing practices for selectorized strength training equipment. Through these specifications, this specification aims to assist designers and manufactures in reducing the possibility of injury when these products are used in accordance with the operational instructions.

The equipment user must recognize, however, that a standard alone will not necessarily prevent injuries. Like other physical activities, exercise involving selectorized strength training equipment involves the risk of injury, particularly if the equipment is used improperly or not properly maintained. In addition, users with physical limitations should seek medical advice and instruction from the fitness facility prior to using this equipment. Certain physical conditions or limitations may preclude some persons from using this equipment as intended by the manufacturer, and using this equipment may increase the risk of injury.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification establishes parameters for the design and manufacture of selectorized strength training equipment as defined in 3.1.

1.2 It is intended that these fitness products be used in an indoor setting or environment.

1.3 It is the intent of this standard to specify fitness products for use only by individuals age 13 and older.

1.4 This standard is to be used in conjunction with Specification F2276, Test Methods F2571, and Test Method F2277.

1.5 This standard takes precedence over Specification F2276 and Test Methods F2571 in areas that are specific or unique to selectorized strength training equipment.

1.6 This specification² establishes additional requirements for the design of commercial fitness equipment for use by people with functional limitations or impairments.

1.7 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values in parentheses are for information only.

1.8 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety safety, health, and healthenvironmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.9 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

F1749 Specification for Fitness Equipment and Fitness Facility Safety Signage and Labels

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F08 on Sports Equipment, Playing Surfaces, and Facilities and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F08.30 on Fitness Products.

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² This work was funded, in part, by the Rehabilitation Engineering Research Center on RecTech through the National Institute on Disability, Independent Living, and Rehabilitation Research grant #90RE5009-01-00.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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F2276 Specification for Fitness Equipment

F2277 Test Methods for Evaluating Design and Performance Characteristics of Selectorized Strength Equipment

F2571 Test Methods for Evaluating Design and Performance Characteristics of Fitness Equipment

F3021 Specification for Universal Design of Fitness Equipment for Inclusive Use by Persons with Functional Limitations and Impairments

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 assist means, n—mechanism that the user engages on the machine to assist them in getting into and out of the loaded starting position.

3.1.2 *bilateral exercise*, *bilateral*, *n*—*adj*—relating to exercise or stabilization during exercise using use of both sides of the body, that is, both hands, arms, or legs.

3.1.3 *cam*, *n*—rotational component controlling the resistance to the user.

3.1.4 *consumer selectorized strength equipment, n*—selectorized strength equipment intended for home use or for use in a home environment.

3.1.4.1 Discussion-

Since significant differences can arise between consumer and institutional selectorized strength equipment, the products must be clearly identified as not for commercial use.

3.1.5 *field of view, n*—field of view of the user defined by an arc of 150° . Seventy-five degrees on each side of the user's midline (sagittal plane).

3.1.6 foot support, n-machine component(s) contacting the feet during operation, entry, and exit from the machine.

3.1.7 *institutional selectorized strength equipment, n*—strength equipment intended for use by numerous persons in a commercial or institutional facility, as opposed to home environment.

3.1.8 median plane, n-plane of reference that divides the midline of the body of the user into equal right and left halves.

3.1.9 *rope, n*—for the purpose of this specification, a cord comprised of intertwisted synthetic or natural fibers or steel wires used for the transmittal of load from the resistance means to the user means.

3.1.10 selector pin, n-the component used to select resistance on weight based selectorized strength equipment.

3.1.11 *selectorized strength equipment, n*—strength equipment where the resistance means is an integral part of the machine and may be varied easily by the user.

3.1.12 strength equipment, n-fitness equipment designed to strengthen one or more groups of muscles anaerobically.

3.1.13 *unilateral exercise, <u>unilateral, n-adj</u>*relating to exercise or stabilization during exercise using <u>use of</u> one side of the body, that is, one hand, arm, or leg.

3.1.14 user means, n-movable component or assembly that the user contacts to perform the exercise.

4. Design and Construction Requirements

4.1 Construction:

4.1.1 *Weights*—Weights shall move only when displaced intentionally. Weights shall move freely along their guide means and return to the resting point. The travel of the weights shall be controlled by the user such that no uncontrolled pendulum swing shall occur.

4.1.2 Weight Selector Pin-Weight selector pins shall be fitted with a positive retention means.

4.1.3 *Starting Position Assist*—If the user cannot (after adjusting the machine according to the manufacturer's instructions) attain the loaded starting position for the machine, then the machine shall be provided with an assist means.

4.1.4 *Ropes, Belts, Chains, or Other Load Transmission Components*—Ropes, belts, chains, and other means, including all attachment devices (links, shackles, end fittings, and termination means) shall not fail with a load equal to six times the maximum static tension developed by the machine during operation and shall pass the endurance guidelines set forth in 4.4.1. All end terminations shall not be subjected to cyclic bending under normal machine operation as defined by the manufacturer.

4.1.5 Pulleys—Pulleys for rope/belt drive machines shall rotate freely under all extrinsic loads.

4.1.5.1 Wire Rope Pulleys—The groove radius, r, of the pulley for wire rope driven machines shall meet the wire rope manufacturer's guidelines and allow for passing of the endurance guidelines set forth in 4.4.1. The dimensions shall lie within the range given:

$$\frac{C_d}{2}$$
 + 5% to $\frac{C_d}{2}$ + 15% (1)



with $C_d/2 + 10\%$ being the optimum. C_d is defined as the nominal wire rope diameter including coating. The tread diameter, d, of the pulley shall be a minimum of 18 times greater than the bare wire rope diameter (without coating). See Fig. 1.

4.1.5.2 *Belt Pulleys*—The diameter of the pulley shall be of sufficient size to yield a belt life meeting the parameters specified in 4.4.1. Belt pulleys shall be designed to prevent disengagement through the use of groove, flanges, or other means.

4.1.6 Rope/Belt Guards-Disengagement of ropes/belts shall be prevented by the provision of adequate retention guards or enclosures.

4.2 Entrapment Points:

4.2.1 *General Comments*—Unlike other machinery, selectorized strength equipment is fully controlled by the user of the equipment. It is therefore assumed that the user shall take responsibility for his/her actions while using the machine and can prevent the inadvertent contact with machine components within the user's field of view by the user or a third party by stopping the exercise or movement of the machine. For this reason, the discussion of entrapment points is broken down into "within" and "outside" the field of view of the user. Wherever possible, the design of movable components shall avoid catch, shear, or pull-in points.

4.2.1.1 In general, the fingers are the body components most likely to be injured. The primary exception to this is weight stacks, or other frame components, where feet or hands, or both, could also be injured. Weight stacks shall be spaced less than 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) or greater than 25 mm (0.98 in.) from any fixed frame member. This spacing shall remain constant through the travel range of the weight stack. Weight stack to frame spacing greater than 60 mm (2.36 in.) is exempt from this requirement. Weight stacks shall be spaced at least 60 mm (2.36 in.) from the base frame of the machine. Strength equipment that includes weight stack enclosures designed in accordance with 4.3 as a permanent feature of the machine are exempt from this requirement, provided that the enclosure extends past the rest position of the bottom weight plate.

4.2.1.2 The user means or other moving components, or both, shall not pass within 60 mm (2.36 in.) of <u>any other fixed or</u> <u>moving component, including the moving weight stack, or other frame components, during the stack and frame, during normal operation of the machine, as defined in the instructions provided by the manufacturer. Mechanical stops are generally provided at one or both extremes of the user means range of travel. Since the user means will contact the stops at these locations, they are excluded from the clearance requirements. However, if the stop is physically part of the moving user means, then it shall pass no closer than 2560 mm (0.98(2.36 in.) to any fixed frame members throughout its range of travel.</u>

4.2.1.3 If the machine framework or the user's body placement, while using the machine in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, prevents the uncontrolled access of a third party into the area of concern, then guarding is not required. For this exemption, the user's body must prevent access throughout the entire exercise range of motion.

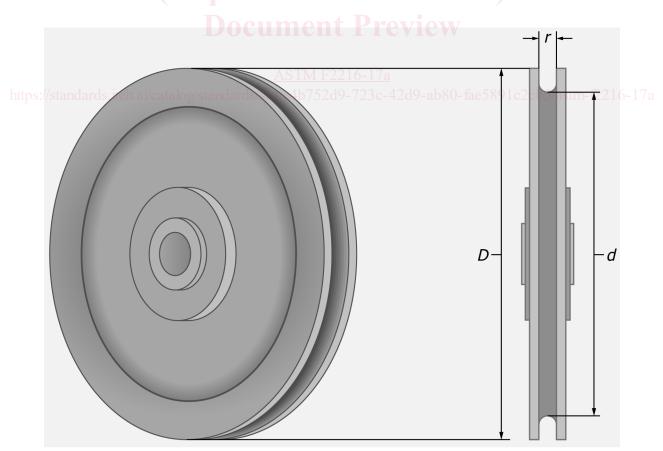


FIG. 1 Wire Rope Pulley Profile

4.2.2 *Outside the Field of View*—To a height of 1800 mm (70.8 in.), the distance between movable components or between a movable and fixed component shall be at least 60 mm (2.36 in.) when body parts other than the fingers are at risk. This dimension may be reduced to no less than 25 mm (0.98 in.) when only the fingers are at risk. If the spacing between moving components or between fixed and moving components remains constant throughout the range of motion of the machine, then the spacing shall be greater than 25 mm (0.98 in.) or less than 9.5 mm (0.375 in.). Guarding shall be provided if the design does not allow the above dimensions to be met.

4.2.3 Within the Field of View and Within Reach of the User—If distances do not conform to those specified in 4.2.2, the components shall be guarded or enclosed.

4.2.4 Within the Field of View and Outside the Reach of the User—Moving components within the user's field of view but accessible only to a third party shall not be located within 25 mm (0.98 in.) of a stationary any other moving or fixed component. Alternatively, such points can be less than 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) from a stationary any other moving or fixed component if the spacing between the components remains constant throughout the range of movement of the machine.

4.2.5 *Pull-In Points*—Finger pull-in occurs when the spacing between the fixed and rotating component is less than 25 mm (0.98 in.) or when the angle between the fixed guard and the belt or rope is less than 50°, or both (see Fig. 2). For ropes and pulleys or ropes and cams, pull-in will occur during the portion of the exercise stroke that the rope wraps onto the rotating element or passes into the guard. This can occur on both sides of a pulley or guard as shown in Fig. 2 and Fig. 3. Fig. 4 illustrates a circular pulley or cam guard. To achieve a pull-in angle greater than 50°, the guard radius G_r shall be calculated using the equation shown in Fig. 4.

4.2.5.1 *Outside the Field of View*—Pull-in points up to a height of 1800 mm (70.8 in.) shall be guarded or spaced greater than 25 mm (0.98 in.) apart so that the user's or third party's fingers, when extended, cannot be caught between the components (see Fig. 2). Rope, belt, or rope driven machines where the pressure between the rope/belt and the cam or pulley is less than 90 N/cm² (131 psi) are excluded from this requirement.

4.2.5.2 Within the Field of View—Pull-in points within reach of the user when in the exercise position shall be guarded so that the user's fingers cannot be caught between the components. Pull-in points within the field of view of the user, during the entire range of motion of the exercise being performed, but accessible only to a third party, need not be guarded because the user can control the motion of the machine and thus prevent any inadvertent contact with a third party. A site specific label shall be present in the immediate location of the pull-in point, alerting the user or a third party to the potential for injury and to stay clear of the area. Rope or belt driven machines where the pressure between the rope/belt and the cam or pulley is less than 90 N/cm² (131 psi) are excluded from the requirements of 4.2.5.1 and 4.2.5.2.

4.3 Weight Stack Enclosures:

4.3.1 General—Unlike other fitness equipment, selectorized strength equipment is fully controlled by the user. Stopping the exercise or the machine's movement permits the user to prevent inadvertent contact with weight stacks within the field of view of the user. Weight stack enclosures may assist in preventing uncontrolled access by third parties outside this field of view. Weight stack enclosures shall be made available as an additional option by the manufacturer to the purchaser of institutional selectorized strength equipment. Weight stack enclosures shall be designed in accordance with the parameters outlined in 4.3.2 - 4.3.4. For consumer selectorized strength equipment, the manufacturer shall provide either weight stack enclosures designed to the parameters detailed in 4.3.2 - 4.3.4 or provide a lock out mechanism to secure the weight stack and prevent inadvertent use by children. Instructions and warnings shall state that this mechanism must be secured after use of the machine.

4.3.1.1 Discussion—The dimensions specified in 4.3.2 - 4.3.4 shall allow for free travel of the weights and insertion of the selector pin. Compliance with these specifications, however, may not necessarily prevent children from being injured by moving weights. In addition, an enclosure may block the user's field of view of third parties including children. As specified in 8, manufacturers shall affix warnings to the machine alerting to keep children away. Multiple weight stack machines do not require guarding on the three sides furthest from the user, provided that there is sufficient framework on these sides to prevent the inadvertent access by third parties. On the side adjacent to the user enclosures shall be designed in accordance with 4.3.2 - 4.3.4. Fig. 5 depicts the placement possibilities of the weight stacks on selectorized strength equipment with respect to the user and a plane of reference through the top surface of the seat back pad.

4.3.2 Weight Stack in Front of User—When the weight stack is in front of the user (see Fig. 6), and it is always within the user's field of view throughout the entire exercise movement, the weights need not be enclosed. The user shall face the weights at all times during the exercise and this shall be specified in the instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

4.3.3 Weight Stack Behind the User—When the weight stack is positioned behind the user (see Fig. 7) the weights shall be completely enclosed up to a height of 60 mm (2.36 in.) beyond the furthest possible travel of the weight stack as determined by use of the machine in accordance with instructions supplied by the manufacturer. The enclosure shall extend past the rest position of the bottom weight plate. The only opening shall be a slot no greater than 75 mm (2.95 in.) wide for the insertion and operation of the weight selector pin. The horizontal spacing between the open edges of the enclosure and the weights shall be less than 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) or greater than 25 mm (0.98 in.).

4.3.4 Weight Stack to the Side of the User—When the weight stack is positioned to the side of the user (see Fig. 8), the amount of enclosure shall be dependent on the placement of the weight stack relative to the user's field of view and the pad reference plane. Weight stacks that are located to the side of the user and extend beyond any portion of the pad reference plane either at rest, or

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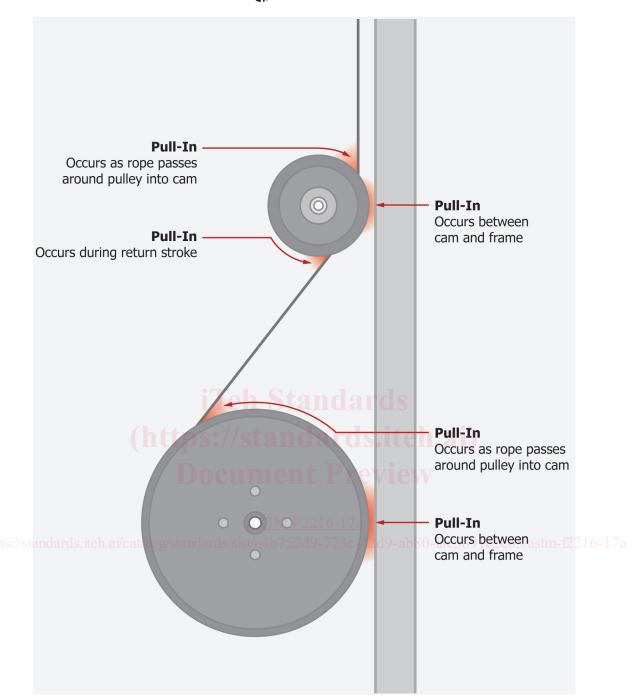


FIG. 2 Guarding of Pull-In Points—Unguarded

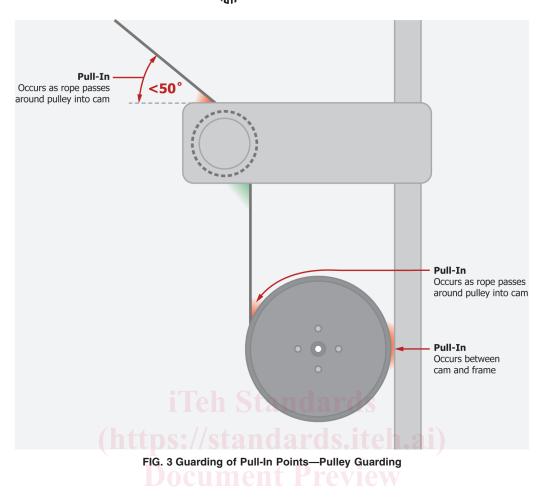
during the execution of the exercise (see Fig. 8-Part A), shall be enclosed in accordance with 4.3.3. When encased only on three sides (Fig. 8-Part B), the enclosure shall meet the height guidelines of 4.3.3, and at a minimum, be flush with the front of the weights with the spacing being less than 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) or greater than 25 mm (0.98 in.) as shown in Fig. 9. Encasement of the weights is not required when the weight stack is within the field of view of the user (Fig. 8-Part C) and it does not become obscured by the user or the machine during the performance of the exercise.

4.4 Loading:

4.4.1 Endurance Loading:

4.4.1.1 Institutional selectorized strength training equipment shall withstand 250 000 cycles at the maximum specified load over 80 % of the possible range of movement (this includes all belts or ropes and mechanical components in the load path). Consumer selectorized strength training equipment shall withstand 14 000 cycles at the maximum specified load over 80 % of the possible range of movement (this includes all belts or ropes and mechanical components in the load path).

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4.4.1.2 When the equipment consists of two or more separate functional units, each shall withstand the endurance load test. When more than one function is to be tested, any common components (ropes, selector pins, pulleys, and so forth) may be replaced prior to commencing the next test. Multistation strength equipment may have several exercise stations sharing a common frame. In this case then the frame shall withstand 500 000 cycles for institutional machines and 28 000 cycles for consumer products. The frame may be replaced during the test period if the number of stations to be tested causes the frame to experience cycles in excess of the numbers stated above. Tests for endurance shall apply loads to the machine in the same manner that the machine receives loading when it is operated in accordance with the manufacturer's operation instructions. After the test, the equipment shall be capable of normal function.

4.5 *Compliance*—Tests for compliance to the general requirements detailed in Section 4 will be conducted in accordance with the procedures detailed in Test Method F2277.

5. Additional Universal Design Requirements to Specification F3021

NOTE 1—This set of accessibility criteria is to be used in conjunction with the specifications listed above and Specification F3021. This set of criteria pertains only to equipment designed to be accessible to people with disabilities in addition to those without disability.

NOTE 2—If a conflict exists with the requirements listed in Specification F3021, then the specific requirements listed in Section 5 take precedence over the requirements listed in Specification F3021.

5.1 Access and Setup:

5.1.1 Adjustable or alternative start position(s), for example, multiple grip options on hand grips or pads, shall be provided. Positions shall be capable of being pre-set before commencing the exercise or self-adjusting. Equipment shall be adjustable across a range of body sizes and shape.

Note 3-Equipment should allow the joint(s) being used to work within a non-stressed range of motion.

5.1.2 Upper body equipment shall not require the use of the lower limb(s) to achieve appropriate start position.

5.2 Seats, Sitting Surfaces, and Back Supports—Seats shall have an integral back support where pressing and pushing movements are required. Seated pulling movements shall have a chest pad, knee support, or similar method of stabilizing the user.

Note 4—Equipment where seats are not normally provided and where the movement path is primarily defined by the user is exempt. Note 5—See Specification F3021 for back support dimensions.