



Designation: C465 – 18

# Standard Specification for Processing Additions for Use in the Manufacture of Hydraulic Cements<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C465; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification pertains to the criteria and tests to be used for determining whether a(n) organic or inorganic processing addition, when used in the recommended amount at the option of the cement producer in the manufacture of hydraulic cements, meets the requirements as prescribed by definition in Specifications C150/C150M, C1157/C1157M, C845/C845M, and C595/C595M. The materials listed in the following former ASTM Specifications shall be considered as meeting the organic processing additions requirements of this specification:

- C150/C150M – 62, for Portland Cement
- C205 – 58 T, for Portland Blast-Furnace Slag Cement
- C340 – 58 T, for Portland Pozzolan Cement
- C358 – 58, for Slag Cement

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods described in this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

C33/C33M Specification for Concrete Aggregates

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C01 on Cement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C01.20 on Additions.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- C39/C39M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
- C78/C78M Test Method for Flexural Strength of Concrete (Using Simple Beam with Third-Point Loading)
- C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens)
- C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement
- C115 Test Method for Fineness of Portland Cement by the Turbidimeter
- C138/C138M Test Method for Density (Unit Weight), Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete
- C143/C143M Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete
- C150/C150M Specification for Portland Cement
- C151/C151M Test Method for Autoclave Expansion of Hydraulic Cement
- C173/C173M Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method
- C185 Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar
- C187 Test Method for Amount of Water Required for Normal Consistency of Hydraulic Cement Paste
- C191 Test Methods for Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement by Vicat Needle
- C192/C192M Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory
- C204 Test Methods for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by Air-Permeability Apparatus
- C205 Specification for Portland Blast-Furnace Cement; Replaced by C 595 (Withdrawn 1967)<sup>3</sup>
- C226 Specification for Air-Entraining Additions for Use in the Manufacture of Air-Entraining Hydraulic Cement
- C231/C231M Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
- C293/C293M Test Method for Flexural Strength of Concrete (Using Simple Beam With Center-Point Loading)
- C340 Specification for Corkboard Thermal Insulation; Replaced by C 640 (Withdrawn 1967)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

**C358** Specification for Slag Cement; Replaced by C 595 (Withdrawn 1967)<sup>3</sup>  
**C595/C595M** Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements  
**C596** Test Method for Drying Shrinkage of Mortar Containing Hydraulic Cement  
**C617/C617M** Practice for Capping Cylindrical Concrete Specimens  
**C845/C845M** Specification for Expansive Hydraulic Cement  
**C1157/C1157M** Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement  
**D891** Test Methods for Specific Gravity, Apparent, of Liquid Industrial Chemicals (Withdrawn 2018)<sup>3</sup>  
**E203** Test Method for Water Using Volumetric Karl Fischer Titration

### 3. Materials

#### 3.1 Cements:

3.1.1 In cases where it is desired that the proposed organic processing addition be accepted for general use in portland cement, tests shall be made on cements prepared from at least five different clinkers. As a minimum, these clinkers shall represent two Type I cements containing not less than 9.0 % C<sub>3</sub>A, one Type II cement, and two Type III cements, all conforming to Specification **C150/C150M**.

3.1.2 In cases where it is also desired that the proposed organic processing addition be used in blended cements, the test and test procedures shall be as specified with a control and an addition for cement conforming to the appropriate Specification **C595/C595M** or **C1157/C1157M**.

3.1.3 Organic processing additions which have been shown to meet the requirements of this specification may also be used in cements conforming to Specification **C845/C845M**. Testing of the addition with these special cements, where desired, shall be done using the tests and test procedures as specified with a control cement and a cement containing the addition, both conforming to Specification **C845/C845M**.

3.1.4 In cases where it is desired that the proposed organic processing addition be limited in use to specific types of cement less in number than required in 3.1.1, the tests and test procedures shall be as specified, and at least two pairs of cements shall be prepared from two clinkers from different plants for each type under specific consideration.

3.1.5 For inorganic processing additions, or in cases where it is desired that the proposed organic processing addition be limited in use to a single plant, the tests and test procedures shall be as specified and at least two pairs of cements shall be prepared from clinker representing each type under specific consideration.

3.1.6 Two companion cements are to be made from any one clinker. The companion cements shall be prepared from the clinker and shall be: a) cement that does not contain the proposed processing addition (control cement), and b) cement that does contain the proposed processing addition. The two companion cements shall be ground to the same fineness within 7 m<sup>2</sup>/kg when tested in accordance with Test Method **C115** or within 13 m<sup>2</sup>/kg when tested in accordance with Test Method **C204**, and the SO<sub>3</sub> content, expressed as a percentage of the

cement mass and reported to the nearest 0.01 %, shall differ by not more than 0.3, so as to afford comparable samples for indicating the effect of the addition on the cement. Each control cement shall comply with all requirements in the specification applicable to that type of cement, and shall not contain the proposed addition when tested by the method furnished by the producer or seller of the addition.

3.1.7 The percentage of each of the following shall be determined for each lot of cement tested: silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>), aluminum oxide (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), ferric oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), calcium oxide (CaO), magnesium oxide (MgO), sulfur trioxide (SO<sub>3</sub>), ignition loss, insoluble residue, sodium oxide (Na<sub>2</sub>O), and potassium oxide (K<sub>2</sub>O). There shall also be calculated the potential percentages of the following compounds: tricalcium silicate, dicalcium silicate, tricalcium aluminate, and tetracalcium aluminoferrite. Determinations for the percentage of the addition shall be made, both on the control cements and on those with which the addition was interground, using the method proposed therefore by the sponsor.

3.2 *Aggregates*—The fine and coarse aggregates shall comply with Specification **C33/C33M**; the coarse aggregate shall comply with the grading requirements for Size No. 57 or Size No. 67. A sufficient quantity from a single lot of coarse aggregate and from a single lot of fine aggregate shall be provided to complete all tests. To prevent the segregation of particle sizes in the fine aggregate, a single lot of sand sufficient for all tests shall either (1) be separated on the 4.75-mm (No. 4), 1.18-mm (No. 16), 300 μm (No. 50), and 150 μm (No. 100) sieves and then be recombined in the required quantity for each batch; or (2) be blended while in a damp condition, and maintained in that condition for the duration of the tests. Under option (2), lots of appropriate size for single mortar and concrete batches shall be carefully split or quartered from the entire batch.

### 4. General Requirements

4.1 Processing additions shall conform to the respective requirements in this specification.

4.2 The trade name, source, character of the material, and means for the quantitative determination of the addition in the finished cement shall be furnished by the sponsor, manufacturer, or supplier of the addition, and the information shall form a part of the record of tests of the addition. If the processing addition is a liquid, the specific gravity and percent water content shall also be part of the record. If the processing addition is an inorganic solid, the allowable ranges of chemical analysis of the addition shall also be part of the record.

4.2.1 The specific gravity, run in accordance with 7.1.1 shall be within ±0.05 units of the value reported in 4.2.

4.2.2 The chemical analysis in 7.2.1 shall be within the ranges given in 4.2.

4.3 Processing additions shall be evaluated by comparing cements containing the addition to otherwise identical cements from the same source without the addition, or containing a processing addition which has been shown to comply with this specification using control cements without any additions, hereinafter designated the “control” cement.