



Designation: **D7216 – 17** **D7216 – 18**

Standard Test Method for Determining Automotive Engine Oil Compatibility with Typical Seal Elastomers¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7216; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

Any properly equipped laboratory, without outside assistance, can use the test method described in this standard. However, the ASTM Test Monitoring Center (TMC)² provides a reference oil (TMC 1006-1) and an assessment of the test results obtained with this oil and the reference elastomers. By these means, the laboratory will know whether their use of the test method gives results statistically similar to those obtained by other laboratories.

The TMC also uses the reference oil results on different batches of elastomers from different laboratories to update continually the total and within-laboratory standard deviation estimates. Some specifications, for example, Specification **D4485**, use the updated TMC standard deviation estimates, pertaining at the time test oils are evaluated, to adjust specification limits for the effects of the industry test variability.

Various agencies require that a laboratory utilize the TMC services in seeking qualification of oils against specifications. For example, the U.S. Army imposes such a requirement in connection with several Army engine lubricating oil specifications.

Accordingly, this test method is written for use by laboratories that utilize the TMC services. Laboratories that choose not to use those services may simply ignore those portions of the test method that refer to the TMC.

This test method may be modified by means of information letters issued by the TMC. In addition, the TMC may issue supplementary memoranda related to this test method.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method covers quantitative procedures for the evaluation of the compatibility of automotive engine oils with several reference elastomers typical of those used in the sealing materials in contact with these oils. Compatibility is evaluated by determining the changes in volume, Durometer A hardness, and tensile properties when the elastomer specimens are immersed in the oil for a specified time and temperature.

1.2 Effective sealing action requires that the physical properties of elastomers used for any seal have a high level of resistance to the liquid or oil in which they are immersed. When such a high level of resistance exists, the elastomer is said to be compatible with the liquid or oil.

NOTE 1—The user of this test method should be proficient in the use of Test Methods **D412** (tensile properties), **D471** (effect of rubber immersion in liquids), **D2240** (Durometer hardness), and **D5662** (gear oil compatibility with typical oil seal elastomers), all of which are involved in the execution of the operations of this test method.

1.3 This test method provides a preliminary or first order evaluation of oil/elastomer compatibility only. Because seals might be subjected to static or dynamic loads, or both, and they can operate over a range of conditions, a complete evaluation of the potential sealing performance of any elastomer-oil combination in any service condition usually requires tests additional to those described in this test method.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D02** on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D02.B0.07** on Development and Surveillance of Bench Tests Methods.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2017 April 1, 2018. Published October 2017 April 2018. Originally approved in 2005. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as **D7216 – 15**; 2017, **D7216 – 17**. DOI: 10.1520/D7216-17.10.1520/D7216-18.

² Until the next revision of this test method, the ASTM Test Monitoring Center updates changes in the test method by means of information letters. Information letters can be obtained from the ASTM Test Monitoring Center, 6555 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15206. (www.astmtmc.cmu.edu) Attention: Administrator. This edition incorporates revisions in all information letters through No. 47-2:17-4.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

1.4 The several reference elastomer formulations specified in this test method were chosen to be representative of those used in both heavy-duty diesel engines (detailed in **Annex A1**) and passenger-car spark-ignition engines (the latter are covered in **Annex A2**). The procedures described in this test method can, however, also be used to evaluate the compatibility of automotive engine oils with different elastomer types/formulations or different test durations and temperatures to those employed in this test method.

NOTE 2—In such cases, the precision and bias statement in Section 12 does not apply. In addition to agreeing acceptable limits of precision, where relevant, the user and supplier should also agree: (1) test temperatures and immersion times to be used; (2) the formulations and typical properties of the elastomers; and (3) the sourcing and quality control of the elastomer sheets.

NOTE 3—The TMC may also issue Information Letters on this matter.

1.5 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.6 This test method is arranged as follows:

	Section
Scope	1
Referenced Documents	2
Terminology	3
Summary of Test Method	4
Significance and Use	5
Apparatus	6
Reference Materials	7
Procedure	8
Calculations	9
TMC 1006-1 Reference Oil	10
Report	11
Precision and Bias	12
Keywords	13
Formulations and Physical Properties for Reference Elastomers Typically Used in Heavy-Duty Diesel Engines	Annex A1
Test Procedure for Reference Elastomers Typically Used in Spark- Ignition Engines	Annex A2

1.7 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.8 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

D297 Test Methods for Rubber Products—Chemical Analysis
D412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension
D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids
D1193 Specification for Reagent Water
D1566 Terminology Relating to Rubber
D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness
D4175 Terminology Relating to Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants
D4485 Specification for Performance of Active API Service Category Engine Oils
D5662 Test Method for Determining Automotive Gear Oil Compatibility with Typical Oil Seal Elastomers
E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
E178 Practice for Dealing With Outlying Observations

2.2 SAE Standard:⁴

SAE J2643 Standard Reference Elastomers (SRE) for Characterizing the Effect of Liquids on Vulcanized Rubbers

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *automotive, adj*—descriptive of equipment associated with self-propelled machinery, usually vehicles driven by internal combustion engines. **D4175**

3.1.2 *candidate oil, n*—an oil that is intended to have the performance characteristics necessary to satisfy a specification and is to be tested against that specification. **D4175**

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, <http://www.sae.org>.