



International
Standard

ISO 11929-3

Determination of the characteristic limits (decision threshold, detection limit and limits of the coverage interval) for measurements of ionizing radiation — Fundamentals and application —

**Part 3:
Applications to unfolding methods**

Détermination des limites caractéristiques (seuil de décision, limite de détection et limites de l'intervalle élargi) pour mesurages de rayonnements ionisants — Principes fondamentaux et applications —

Partie 3: Application aux méthodes de déconvolution

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This third edition of ISO 11929-3 replaces ISO 11929-3:2019, of which it constitutes a minor revision.

The main changes are as follows:

- correction of the internal references within the text;
- correction of the definitions of decision threshold (3.12) and the detection limit (3.13);
- correction of [Clause 4](#) according to comments;
- correction of [Formulae \(B.2\)](#) and [\(B.4\)](#);
- correction of the 8th paragraph in [B.3.2](#);
- correction of the 1st paragraph [B.3.5](#);
- correction of the 7th paragraph [B.5.2](#).

A list of all the parts in the ISO 11929 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Measurement uncertainties and characteristic values, such as the decision threshold, the detection limit and limits of the coverage interval for measurements as well as the best estimate and its associated standard measurement uncertainty, are of importance in metrology in general and for radiological protection in particular. The quantification of the uncertainty associated with a measurement result provides a basis for the trust an individual can have in a measurement result. Conformity with regulatory limits, constraints or reference values can only be demonstrated by taking into account and quantifying all sources of uncertainty. Characteristic limits provide, at the end, the basis for deciding under uncertainty.

This standard provides characteristic values of a non-negative measurand of ionizing radiation. It is also applicable for a wide range of measuring methods extending beyond measurements of ionizing radiation.

The limits to be provided according to the ISO 11929 series for specified probabilities of wrong decisions allow detection possibilities to be assessed for a measurand and for the physical effect quantified by this measurand as follows:

- the “decision threshold” allows a decision to be made on whether or not the physical effect quantified by the measurand is present;
- the “detection limit” indicates the smallest true quantity value of the measurand that can still be detected with the applied measurement procedure; this gives a decision on whether or not the measurement procedure satisfies the requirements and is therefore suitable for the intended measurement purpose;
- the “limits of the coverage interval” enclose, in the case of the physical effect recognized as present, a coverage interval containing the true quantity value of the measurand with a specified probability.

Hereinafter, the limits mentioned are jointly called the “characteristic limits”.

NOTE According to ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007 updated by JCGM 200:2012 the term “coverage interval” is used here instead of “confidence interval” in order to distinguish the wording of Bayesian terminology from that of conventional statistics.

All the characteristic values are based on Bayesian statistics and on the ISO/IEC 98-3 Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement as well as on the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 1:2008 and ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 2:2011. As explained in detail in ISO 11929-2, the characteristic values are mathematically defined by means of moments and quantiles of probability distributions of the possible measurand values.

Since measurement uncertainty plays an important part in ISO 11929, the evaluation of measurements and the treatment of measurement uncertainties are carried out by means of the general procedures according to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 and to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 1:2008; see also References [9] to [13]. This enables the strict separation of the evaluation of the measurements, on the one hand, and the provision and calculation of the characteristic values, on the other hand. The ISO 11929 series makes use of a theory of uncertainty in measurement^{[14] to [16]} based on Bayesian statistics (e.g. References [17] to [22]) in order to allow to take into account also those uncertainties that cannot be derived from repeated or counting measurements. The latter uncertainties cannot be handled by frequentist statistics.

Because of developments in metrology concerning measurement uncertainty laid down in the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, ISO 11929:2010 was drawn up on the basis of the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, but using Bayesian statistics and the Bayesian theory of measurement uncertainty. This theory provides a Bayesian foundation for the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3. Moreover, ISO 11929:2010 was based on the definitions of the characteristic values^[9], the standard proposal^[10], and the introducing article^[11]. It unified and replaced all earlier parts of ISO 11929 and was applicable not only to a large variety of particular measurements of ionizing radiation but also, in analogy, to other measurement procedures.

Since the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 1:2008 has been published, dealing comprehensively with a more general treatment of measurement uncertainty using the Monte Carlo method in complex measurement evaluations. This provided an incentive for writing a corresponding Monte Carlo supplement^[12] to ISO 11929:2010 and to revise ISO 11929:2010. The revised ISO 11929 is also essentially founded on Bayesian statistics and can serve as a bridge between ISO 11929:2010 and the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/

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Suppl 1:2008. Moreover, more general definitions of the characteristic values (ISO 11929-2) and the Monte Carlo computation of the characteristic values make it possible to go a step beyond the present state of standardization laid down in ISO 11929:2010 since probability distributions rather than uncertainties can be propagated. It is thus more comprehensive and extending the range of applications.

The revised ISO 11929, moreover, is more explicit on the calculation of the characteristic values. It corrects also a problem in ISO 11929:2010 regarding uncertain quantities and influences, which do not behave randomly in measurements repeated several times. Reference [13] gives a survey on the basis of the revision. Furthermore, this document gives detailed advice how to calculate characteristic values in the case of multivariate measurements using unfolding methods. For such measurements, the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 2:2011 provides the basis of the uncertainty evaluation.

Formulas are provided for the calculation of the characteristic values of an ionizing radiation measurand via the “standard measurement uncertainty” of the measurand (hereinafter the “standard uncertainty”) derived according to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 as well as via probability density functions (PDFs) of the measurand derived in accordance with ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008/Suppl 1:2008. The standard uncertainties or probability density functions take into account the uncertainties of the actual measurement as well as those of sample treatment, calibration of the measuring system and other influences. The latter uncertainties are assumed to be known from previous investigations.

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