
**Tourism and related services — Yacht
harbours —**

**Part 1:
Minimum requirements for basic
service level harbours**

Tourisme et services connexes — Ports de plaisance —

*Partie 1: Exigences minimales pour les ports de niveau de service
basique*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 228, *Tourism and related services*.

This first edition of ISO 13687-1, together with ISO 13687-2 and ISO 13687-3, cancels and replaces ISO 13687:2014, which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13687 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Yacht harbours have a measurable and increasing social, commercial, and environmental influence. All this has been taken into account of and motivates the development of this document due to the itinerant nature of craft and the boating and yachting tourism community.

Recognizing that every yacht harbour is unique, the purpose of the ISO 13687 series is to set out minimum requirements which are suitable for all yacht harbours. Special attention has been given to user's safety and environment protection.

ISO 13687 consists of the following three parts:

- ISO 13687-1 provides minimum requirements for basic service level harbours;
- ISO 13687-2 provides minimum requirements for intermediate service level harbours;
- ISO 13687-3 provides minimum requirements for high service level harbours.

The aim of the ISO 13687 series is to provide yacht harbour operators with a practical tool to:

- promote health, safety, and respect to the environment;
- help the development of yacht harbours, surrounding spaces, and communities by sharing global practices;
- provide nautical tourists with harmonized information and services across yacht harbours and to give them a broad choice of offers regardless of their location.

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Tourism and related services — Yacht harbours —

Part 1:

Minimum requirements for basic service level harbours

1 Scope

This document establishes minimum requirements for commercial and non-commercial harbours for leisure craft in order to define the basic level to deliver services to the boating community for all types of recreational boating activities, excluding the standardization of sports activities.

The scope does not cover specifics of boat yards, dry stacks, dry-docking areas, dry storages, fuel stations and nearby beaches.

This document does not cover risks in case of abnormal weather conditions above windforce 9 on the Beaufort scale and extreme sea conditions or rogue waves.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

bilge water

water that collects and stagnates in the deepest point of a *craft* (3.3)

Note 1 to entry: Bilge water can contain oil, detergents, solvents, chemicals, and other contaminants.

3.2

black water

waste (3.13) water and excreta from water closets, excluding *grey water* (3.5)

3.3

craft

boat and yacht of any length used for leisure, sport, commercial, and all other purposes

3.4

fresh water

water with a low concentration of dissolved salts used typically for sanitation, showering, washing, bathing, boiling, and similar, but not for direct human consumption purposes

3.5

grey water

waste water from household, baths and *showers* (3.10), hand basins, and kitchen sinks but excluding *black water* (3.2)