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Road vehicles — In-vehicle Ethernet —

Part 6: Electrical 100-Mbit/s physical entity requirements and conformance test plan

Véhicules routiers — Ethernet embarqué —

Partie 6: Exigences et plan de tests de conformité de l'entité physique à 100-Mbit/s électrique

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 31, *Data communication*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 21111 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Introduction

The ISO 21111 series includes in-vehicle Ethernet requirements and test plans that are disseminated in other International Standards and complements them with additional test methods and requirements. The resulting requirement and test plans are structured in different documents following the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model and grouping the documents that depend on the physical media and bit rate used.

In general, the Ethernet requirements are specified in ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3. The ISO 21111 series provides supplemental specifications (e.g. wake-up, I/O functionality), which are required for in-vehicle Ethernet applications. In road vehicles, Ethernet networks are used for different purposes requiring different bit-rates. Currently, the ISO 21111 series specifies the 1-Gbit/s optical and 100-Mbit/s electrical physical layer.

The ISO 21111 series contains requirement specifications and test methods related to the in-vehicle Ethernet. This includes requirement specifications for physical layer entity (e.g. connectors, physical layer implementations) providers, device (e.g. electronic control units, gateway units) suppliers, and system (e.g. network systems) designers. Additionally, there are test methods specified for conformance testing and for interoperability testing.

Safety (electrical safety, protection, fire, etc.) and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements are out of the scope of the ISO 21111 series.

The structure of the specifications given in the ISO 21111 series complies with the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model is specified in ISO/IEC 7498-1[1] and ISO/IEC 10731[3].

ISO 21111-1 defines the terms which are used in this series of standards and provides an overview of the standards for in-vehicle Ethernet including the complementary relations to ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 and the amendments, the document structure, type of physical entities, in-vehicle Ethernet specific functionalities, and so on.

ISO 21111-2 specifies the interface between reconciliation sublayer and physical entity including reduced gigabit media independent interface (RGMII), and the common physical entity wake-up and synchronised link sleep functionalities, independent from physical media and bit rate.

ISO 21111-3 specifies supplemental requirements to a physical layer capable of transmitting 1-Gbit/s over plastic optical fibre compliant with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, with specific application to communications inside road vehicles, and a test plan for physical entity conformance testing.

ISO 21111-4[3] specifies the optical components requirements and test methods for 1-Gbit/s optical in-vehicle Ethernet.

ISO 21111-5 specifies, for 1-Gbit/s optical in-vehicle Ethernet, requirements on the physical layer at system level, requirements on the interoperability test set-ups, the interoperability test plan that checks the requirements for the physical layer at system level, requirements on the device-level physical layer conformance test set-ups, and device-level physical layer conformance test plan that checks a set of requirements for the OSI physical layer that are relevant for device vendors.

This document specifies advanced features of an ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 in-vehicle Ethernet physical layer (often also called transceiver), e.g. for diagnostic purposes for in-vehicle Ethernet physical layers. It specifies advanced physical layer features, wake-up and sleep features, physical layer test suite, physical layer control requirements and conformance test plan, physical sublayers test suite, and physical sublayers requirements and conformance test plan.

ISO 21111-7 specifies the implementation for ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, which defines the interface implementation for automotive applications together with requirements on components used to realize this Bus Interface Network (BIN). ISO 21111-7 also defines further testing and system requirements for systems implemented according to the system specification. In addition, ISO 21111-7 defines the channels for tests of transceivers with a test wiring harness that simulates various electrical communication channels.

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