



**International
Standard**

ISO 23402-1

**Dentistry — Portable dental
equipment for use in non-
permanent healthcare
environments —**

**Part 1:
General requirements**

*Médecine bucco-dentaire — Matériel dentaire portatif utilisable
dans des environnements de soins de santé non permanents —*

Partie 1: Exigences générales

**Second edition
2026-07**

Sample Document

Sample Document

get full document from standards.iteh.ai



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2026

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Classification	2
4.1 General.....	2
4.2 For electrically operated devices.....	2
4.3 According to intended use environment.....	2
4.4 According to supply sources.....	3
4.5 According to exposure during transport.....	3
5 Requirements	3
5.1 General.....	3
5.2 Transport requirements.....	3
5.2.1 General.....	3
5.2.2 Grips or other handling features.....	4
5.2.3 Maximum mass.....	4
5.2.4 Maximum dimensions.....	4
5.2.5 Environmental exposure.....	4
5.2.6 Impact.....	4
5.2.7 Drop.....	4
5.2.8 Vibration.....	5
5.2.9 Foreign object and liquid ingress during transport.....	5
5.3 Utility requirements.....	5
5.4 Operational requirements.....	5
5.4.1 Ambient operating conditions.....	5
5.4.2 Usability.....	5
5.4.3 Processing of external surfaces.....	6
5.4.4 Foreign object and liquid ingress.....	6
6 Sampling	6
7 Measurement and test methods	6
7.1 Visual inspection of the equipment.....	6
7.2 Visual inspection of the documentation.....	6
8 Manufacturer's instructions	7
8.1 General.....	7
8.2 Instructions for use.....	7
8.3 Technical description.....	7
9 Marking	8
9.1 Marking on the equipment.....	8
9.2 Marking of packaging.....	8
10 Packaging	8
Annex A (informative) Applicable testing methodology from IEC 60601-1	9
Bibliography	10

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO [had/had not] received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Dental equipment*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 55, *Dentistry*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 23402-1:2020), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- [5.2.6](#), [5.2.7](#) and [5.2.8](#) have been updated to specify requirements for impact, drop and vibration according to the classification for exposure during transport;
- [5.4.4](#) has been added;
- [8.3, list item e](#)), [8.3, list item f](#)) and [8.3, list item g](#)) have been added to include classification level for drop height and classification level for rough road transport distance;
- general editorial updates have been made.

A list of all parts in the ISO 23402 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Transportable dental equipment is used by dental professionals to provide care to patients in a variety of settings. Because the intended use applications and intended means for transporting such equipment vary considerably, a wide variety of transportable dental equipment is commercially available. For example, certain transportable equipment is designed and constructed to be carried or rolled on its own wheels between rooms within a healthcare facility, while other transportable dental equipment is made to be folded and packed to carry over terrain which can be rugged and used in transient dental care settings which can have only limited shelter and utility services.

Transportable equipment that can be moved from one location to another while being carried by one or more persons is referred to as portable equipment. The term "portable equipment" applies to equipment that can be carried from room to room in a given facility or to remote parts of the world. This document focuses on portable dental equipment which is specifically designed and constructed to be transported between non-clinical environments and used by dental professionals to provide dental care in such settings, including temporary field clinics.

Such portable dental equipment for use in non-permanent healthcare environments enables dental professionals to provide a high standard of care to patients who do not have access to, or are not able to, travel to traditional health care facilities. Settings in which this equipment is commonly used include military field environments, humanitarian aid field clinics, public health outreach clinics, patient residences, long-term care facilities, prisons, schools and workplaces.

A number of trends in health care have driven increased utilization of portable dental equipment in non-permanent healthcare environments. Military forces use portable dental equipment in support of mobilized forces or for humanitarian outreach. A variety of government and non-government organizations are increasingly providing humanitarian dental care to underserved populations and populations affected by disasters. Civilian health care workers are also increasingly providing dental services to a growing population who are simply unable to visit traditional dental clinics due to age, disability or income. Academic and research bodies regularly conduct dental education programmes (e.g. dentistry, dental hygiene and dental assisting), particularly at external/off-site locations.

The transport and end-use conditions for portable dental equipment used in non-permanent healthcare environments drive certain unique requirements which generally do not apply to portable, mobile or stationary dental equipment used in traditional dental clinics or hospitals. Because portable equipment used in non-permanent healthcare environments is intended to be moved between venues, and in some cases carried over rugged terrain or in inclement conditions, it needs to be designed and constructed to be safely transported by humans without damage, be efficiently assembled and disassembled, and deliver reliable service at the point of use. Special consideration is given to the austerity of the environment in which the equipment can be used and the availability and quality of utility supplies (e.g. electrical power, water, compressed air). In order for the equipment to be sufficiently portable and capable of operating in extreme conditions, certain requirements for dental equipment intended for use in traditional clinical settings can be impractical and should be reconsidered for portable dental equipment for use in non-permanent healthcare environments. There can also be unique safety and infection control concerns to consider.

The ISO 23402 series aims to standardize requirements for portable dental equipment for use in non-permanent healthcare environments.