
Steel ball valves for general-purpose industrial applications

*Robinets en acier à tournant sphérique pour les applications
industrielles générales*

Sample Document

get full document from standards.iteh.ai



Reference number
ISO 7121:2016(E)

© ISO 2016

Sample Document

get full document from standards.iteh.ai



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2016, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11
Fax +41 22 749 09 47
copyright@iso.org
www.iso.org

Contents

	Page
Foreword	v
Introduction	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Pressure/temperature ratings	3
4.1 Valve rating.....	3
4.2 Shell rating.....	3
4.3 Seat and seal rating.....	3
5 Design	4
5.1 Flow passageway.....	4
5.2 Body.....	5
5.2.1 Body wall thickness.....	5
5.2.2 Flanged ends.....	8
5.2.3 Butt-welding ends.....	8
5.2.4 Socket welding ends.....	8
5.2.5 Threaded ends.....	9
5.2.6 Body openings.....	9
5.2.7 Anti-static design.....	9
5.2.8 Anti-blow-out stem.....	10
5.2.9 Ball-stem construction.....	10
5.2.10 Ball construction.....	10
5.2.11 Operating means.....	10
5.2.12 Glands.....	11
5.2.13 End flange facing interruptions.....	11
5.2.14 Shell joints.....	12
5.2.15 Packing gland bolting.....	13
6 Materials	13
6.1 Shell.....	13
6.2 Shell material repair.....	14
6.3 Trim.....	14
6.4 Identification plate.....	14
6.5 Bolting.....	14
6.6 Seals.....	14
6.7 Threaded plugs.....	14
7 Marking	14
7.1 Legibility.....	14
7.2 Body marking.....	14
7.3 Ring joint marking.....	15
7.4 Identification plate.....	15
7.5 Special marking for unidirectional valves.....	15
8 Testing and inspection	16
8.1 Pressure tests.....	16
8.1.1 General.....	16
8.1.2 Shell test.....	16
8.1.3 Closure tightness test.....	16
8.2 Inspection.....	17
8.3 Examination.....	17
8.4 Supplementary examination.....	18
9 Preparation for despatch	18

Annex A (informative) Information to be specified by the purchaser	19
Annex B (informative) Identification of valve parts	20
Bibliography	22

Sample Document

get full document from standards.iteh.ai

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 153, *Valves*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 7121:2006), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- in the scope DN 600, NPS 20 and 24, Class 800 and a note on the applicability of this Class were added;
- the normative references were updated;
- definitions for DN, NPS, PN and Class were added;
- a line for DN 600 was added in [Table 2](#);
- a line for DN 600 and a column for Class 800 were added in [Table 3](#);
- a column for DN 600 was added in [Table 4](#);
- a column for Class 800 was added in [Table 6](#);
- in [Tables 7](#) and [8](#), DN is up to 600;
- in [5.2.12.3](#), vertically split glands are not allowed anymore; [Annex A](#) was updated accordingly;
- 8.2.2 on site inspection was deleted; [Annex A](#) was updated accordingly.

Introduction

The purpose of this International Standard is the establishment, in ISO format, of basic requirements and practices for flanged, butt-welding, socket welding and threaded-end steel ball valves having flow passageways identified as full bore, reduced bore and double reduced bore, suitable for general purpose applications. Flanged end Class designated valves have flanges in accordance with ASME B16.5. Flanged end PN designated valves have flanges in accordance with EN 1092-1. Valves with ends that are threaded can have threads to either ISO 7-1 or ASME B1.20.1.

Sample Document

get full document from standards.iteh.ai

Steel ball valves for general-purpose industrial applications

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements for a series of steel ball valves suitable for general-purpose industrial applications.

It covers valves of the nominal sizes

- DN 8, 10, 15, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 65, 80, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, and 600 (NPS 1/4, 3/8, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/4, 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 and 24),

and is applicable to the following pressure designations:

- PN 10; 16; 25; 40; 63; 100;
- Class 150; 300; 600; 800; 900.

NOTE Valve characteristics are not necessarily available in all nominal sizes for all pressure designations. For example, Class 800 applies only for valves with threaded end and socket weld ends up to DN 65 (NPS 2 1/2) and Class 900 applies only for reduced bore body seat openings.

It includes provisions for valve characteristics as follows:

- flanged and butt-welded ends in sizes $15 \leq DN \leq 600$ ($1/2 \leq NPS \leq 24$);
- socket welding ends in sizes $8 \leq DN \leq 100$ ($1/4 \leq NPS \leq 4$);
- threaded ends in sizes $8 \leq DN \leq 50$ ($1/4 \leq NPS \leq 2$);
- body seat openings designated as full bore, reduced bore and double reduced bore;
- materials;
- testing and inspection.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7-1, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation*

ISO 7-2, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are made on the threads — Part 2: Verification by means of limit gauges*

ISO 228-1, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation*

ISO 228-2, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 2: Verification by means of limit gauges*

ISO 261, *ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan*

ISO 7121:2016(E)

ISO 965-2, *ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 2: Limits of sizes for general purpose external and internal screw threads — Medium quality*

ISO 4032, *Hexagon regular nuts (style 1) — Product grades A and B*

ISO 4033, *Hexagon high nuts (style 2) — Product grades A and B*

ISO 4034, *Hexagon regular nuts (style 1) — Product grade C*

ISO 5208, *Industrial valves — Pressure testing of metallic valves*

ISO 5209, *General purpose industrial valves — Marking*

ISO 5752, *Metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems — Face-to-face and centre-to-face dimensions*

EN 1092-1, *Flanges and their joints — Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated — Part 1: Steel flanges*

EN 1515-1:1999, *Flanges and their joints — Bolting — Part 1: Selection of bolting*

EN 12982, *Industrial valves — End-to-end and centre-to-end dimensions for butt welding end valves*

ASME B1.1, *Unified Inch Screw Threads, (UN and UNR Thread Form)*

ASME B1.20.1, *Pipe Threads, General Purpose, Inch*

ASME B16.5, *Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: NPS 1/2 through NPS 24 Metric/Inch Standard*

ASME B16.10, *Face-to-Face and End-to-End Dimensions of Valves*

ASME B16.34:2013, *Valves Flanged, Threaded and Welding End*

ASME B18.2.2, *Nuts for General Applications: Machine Screw Nuts, Hex, Square, Hex Flange, and Coupling Nuts (Inch Series)*

MSS-SP-55,¹⁾ *Quality Standard for Steel Castings for Valves, Flanges and Fittings and Other Piping Components — Visual Method for Evaluation of Surface Irregularities*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

DN or NPS

alphanumeric designation of size that is common for components used in a piping system, used for reference purposes, comprising the letters DN or NPS followed by a dimensionless number indirectly related to the physical size of the bore or outside diameter of the end connections

Note 1 to entry: The number following DN or NPS does not represent a measurable value and is not used for calculation purposes except where specified in a product standard.

Note 2 to entry: See ISO 6708 and ASME B16.34.

1) Manufacturers Standardization Society standard.

3.2**PN or Class**

alphanumeric designation for pressure-temperature rating that is common for components used in a piping system, used for reference purposes, comprising the letters “PN or Class” followed by a dimensionless number indirectly related to the pressure retaining capability as a function of temperature of the component

Note 1 to entry: The number following PN or Class does not represent a measurable value and is not used for calculation purposes except where specified in a product standard. There is no definitive correlation that links PN designations to Class designations.

Note 2 to entry: See ISO 7268, EN 1333 and ASME B16.34.

3.3**service pressure/temperature rating**

lesser of the shell or seat pressure/temperature rating

3.4**anti-static design**

design that provides for electrical continuity between the body, ball and stem of the valve

3.5**anti-blow-out design**

design that ensures the valve stem cannot be ejected from the body in the event of the gland being removed while the valve is under pressure

4 Pressure/temperature ratings**4.1 Valve rating**

The service pressure/temperature rating applicable to valves specified in this International Standard shall be the littlest of the shell rating (4.2) or the seat rating (4.3).

4.2 Shell rating

4.2.1 The pressure/temperature ratings applicable to the valve pressure containing shell (the pressure boundary elements, e.g. body, body cap, trunnion cap, cover, body inserts) shall be in accordance with that specified in the pressure/temperature tables of either ASME B16.34, Standard Class, for Class designated valves, or EN 1092-1 for PN designated valves.

4.2.2 The temperature for a corresponding shell pressure rating is the maximum temperature that is permitted for the pressure-containing shell of the valve. In general, this maximum temperature is that of the contained fluid. The use of a pressure rating corresponding to a temperature other than that of the contained fluid is the responsibility of the user. For temperatures below, the lowest temperature listed in the pressure/temperature tables (see 4.2.1), the service pressure shall be no greater than the pressure for the lowest listed temperature. Consideration should be given to the loss of ductility and impact strength of many materials at low temperature.

4.3 Seat and seal rating

4.3.1 Non-metallic elements, for example, seat, seals or stem seals, can impose restrictions on the applied pressure/temperature rating. Any such restriction shall be shown on the valve identification plate in accordance with 7.4.

4.3.2 The design shall be such that, when either polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) or reinforced PTFE is used for seats, the minimum valve pressure/temperature rating shall be as specified in Table 1. Designs