
**Reciprocating internal combustion
engines — Exhaust emission
measurement —**

**Part 7:
Engine family determination**

*Moteurs alternatifs à combustion interne — Mesurage des émissions
de gaz d'échappement —*

Partie 7: Détermination des familles de moteurs

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 70, *Internal combustion engines*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Exhaust gas emission measurement*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8178-7:1996), which has been technically revised.

ISO 8178 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Reciprocating internal combustion engines — Exhaust emission measurement*:

- *Part 1: Test-bed measurement of gaseous and particulate emissions*
- *Part 2: Measurement of gaseous and particulate exhaust emissions under field conditions*
- *Part 3: Definitions and methods of measurement of exhaust gas smoke under steady-state conditions*
- *Part 4: Steady-state test cycles for different engine applications*
- *Part 5: Test fuels*
- *Part 6: Report of measuring results and test*
- *Part 7: Engine family determination*
- *Part 8: Engine group determination*
- *Part 9: Test cycles and test procedures for test bed measurement of exhaust gas smoke emissions from compression ignition engines operating under transient conditions*
- *Part 10: Test cycles and test procedures for field measurement of exhaust gas smoke emissions from compression ignition engines operating under transient conditions*

Introduction

Unlike engines for on-road applications, engines for non-road use are made in a much wider range of power output and configuration and are used in a great number of different applications.

The objective of ISO 8178 is to rationalize the test methods for non-road engines in order to simplify and make more cost-effective drafting of legislation, development of engine specifications, and certification of engines to control gaseous and particulate emissions.

In order to achieve the objectives, ISO 8178 embraces four concepts as follows:

- a) grouping of engine applications in order to reduce the number of test cycles as defined in ISO 8178-4;
- b) use of observed brake power as defined in ISO 8178-4 as the basis for the expression of specific emission levels;
- c) incorporation of “engine family” concept, in which engines with similar emission characteristics and design can be represented by an engine within the family;
- d) incorporation of “engine group” concept, which addresses the modification and adjustment of engines (see ISO 8178-8).

In this part of ISO 8178, the engine family concept is elaborated.

The engine family concept provides the possibility of reducing the number of engines to be submitted for type approval testing, while providing safeguards for the parties involved that all engines within the family will comply with the approval requirements.

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