
**Information technology —
International string ordering and
comparison — Method for comparing
character strings and description
of the common template tailorable
ordering**

*Technologies de l'information — Classement international et
comparaison de chaînes de caractères — Méthode de comparaison de
chaînes de caractères et description du modèle commun et adaptable
d'ordre de classement*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Coded character sets*.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO/IEC 14651:2019), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- ordering data has been added for the new characters standardized in the sixth edition of ISO/IEC 10646 (2020);
- the content of 6.2.2 has been revised for more completeness;
- the weights of character U+A9B5 (JAVANESE VOWEL SIGN TOLONG) have been changed, as the latter is considered a variant of character U+A9B4 (JAVANESE VOWEL SIGN TARUNG). This needed to be fixed.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document provides a method, applicable around the world, for ordering text data, and provides a Common Template Table which, when tailored, can meet a given language's ordering requirements while retaining reasonable ordering for other scripts.

The Common Template Table requires some tailoring in different local environments. Conformance to this document requires that all deviations from the template, called “deltas”, be declared to document resultant discrepancies.

This document describes a method to order text data independently of context.

ISO/IEC TR 30112 has specifications for ordering that informatively complement the specifications in this document and indicates where additional information can be sought on ordering keywords defined in this document.

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1 Scope

This document defines the following.

- A reference comparison method. This method is applicable to two character strings to determine their collating order in a sorted list. The method can be applied to strings containing characters from the full repertoire of ISO/IEC 10646. This method is also applicable to subsets of that repertoire, such as those of the different ISO/IEC 8-bit standard character sets, or any other character set, standardized or not, to produce ordering results valid (after tailoring) for a given set of languages for each script. This method uses collation tables derived either from the Common Template Table defined in this document or from one of its tailorings. This method provides a reference format. The format is described using the Backus-Naur Form (BNF). This format is used to describe the Common Template Table. The format is used normatively *within* this document.
- A Common Template Table. A given tailoring of the Common Template Table is used by the reference comparison method. The Common Template Table describes an order for all characters encoded in the Unicode 13.0 standard,^[27] included in ISO/IEC 10646:2020. It allows for a specification of a fully deterministic ordering. This table enables the specification of a string ordering adapted to local ordering rules, without requiring an implementer to have knowledge of all the different scripts already encoded in the Universal Coded Character Set (UCS).

NOTE 1 This Common Template Table is to be modified to suit the needs of a local environment. The main worldwide benefit is that, for other scripts, often no modification is required and the order will remain as consistent as possible and predictable from an international point of view.

NOTE 2 The character repertoire used in this document is equivalent to that of the Unicode Standard version 13.0^[27].

- A reference name. The reference name refers to this particular version of the Common Template Table, for use as a reference when tailoring. In particular, this name implies that the table is linked to a particular stage of development of the ISO/IEC 10646 Universal coded character set.
- Requirements for a declaration of the differences (delta) between the collation table and the Common Template Table.

This document does *not* mandate the following.

- A specific comparison method; any equivalent method giving the same results is acceptable.
- A specific format for describing or tailoring tables in a given implementation.
- Specific symbols to be used by implementations, except for the name of the Common Template Table.
- Any specific user interface for choosing options.
- Any specific internal format for intermediate keys used when comparing, nor for the table used. The use of numeric keys is not mandated either.
- A context-dependent ordering.
- Any particular preparation of character strings prior to comparison.