



Technical Specification

ISO/IEC TS 20540

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Testing cryptographic modules in their field

*Sécurité de l'information, cybersécurité et protection de la vie
privée — Test de modules cryptographiques dans leur domaine*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC TS 20540:2018), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the document has been restructured:
 - [7.3](#) and [7.4](#) have been moved to [8.2](#);
 - new [Annex B](#) has been created;
- technical changes have been introduced:
 - reviewed and added terminology;
 - aligned terminology with ISO/IEC 19790:2025;
 - introduced security requirements for attestation, backdoor of the components and supply chain in the field;
- introduced metaverse, IoT, big data and AI for the application environment.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

In information technology, there is an ever-increasing need to use cryptographic mechanisms, such as the protection of data against unauthorized disclosure or manipulation, for entity authentication and for non-repudiation. The security and reliability of such mechanisms are directly dependent on the cryptographic modules in which they are implemented. Cryptographic modules are utilized within a security system to protect sensitive information in their application environment.

The purpose of this document is to describe the recommendations, requirements and checklists which help in the selection of cryptographic modules for deployment in a diversity of application environments. This document is helpful for the user and the field tester to verify correct deployment in the application environment.

Field testers determine the suitability and proper usage of a cryptographic module in its application environment.

Cryptographic modules and their application environments are generally complex and complicated. When cryptographic modules are deployed in an application environment and a field, a minor error or mistake can affect the security of the whole field and application environment. It is important to perform the field testing to ensure the proper usage of a cryptographic module in their field. This document identifies the field testing by providing:

- a secure assessment of the cryptographic module installation, configuration and operation;
- inspecting the key management system, protection of authentication credentials, and public and critical security parameters in the field;
- identifying cryptographic module vulnerabilities;
- checklists for the cryptographic algorithm policy, security guidance and regulation, security manager requirements, security level for each of the 11 requirement areas, the strength of the security function, etc.;
- inspecting that the cryptographic module's deployment satisfies the security requirements; and
- inspecting security toolkit for application system to help the user select security service in the field.

When using this document for field testing, it can be necessary to consult ISO/IEC 19790:2025, and ISO/IEC 24759:2025.

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Testing cryptographic modules in their field

1 Scope

This document provides recommendations, requirements and checklists which can be used to support the specification and field testing of cryptographic modules in their field within an organization's security system. The cryptographic modules have an overall security rating commensurate with the four security levels defined in ISO/IEC 19790:2025, to provide for:

- a wide spectrum of data sensitivity (e.g. low-value administrative data, million-dollar funds transfers, life-protecting data, personal identity information, and sensitive information used by government), and
- a diversity of application environments (e.g. a guarded facility, an office, removable media, and a completely unprotected location).

This document is limited to the security related to the cryptographic module. It does not include assessing the security of the field or application environment. It does not define techniques for the identification, assessment and acceptance of the organization's operational risk.

This document applies to the field testers who perform the field testing for the cryptographic modules in their field and the authorizing officials of cryptographic modules.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 19790:2025, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Security requirements for cryptographic modules*

ISO/IEC 24759:2025, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Test requirements for cryptographic modules*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 accreditation

administrative process whereby authority is granted for the operation of the cryptographic module in its full field including all its non-IT parts

Note 1 to entry: The results of the *field testing* (3.13) process may be an input to the accreditation process.