
**Cutting tool data representation and
exchange —**

**Part 3:
Reference dictionary for tool items**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/TS 13399-3:2014), which has been technically revised.

The main change is as follows:

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— update of the classes and properties in line with the modifications in the cutting tool dictionary.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13399 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document defines the terms, properties, and definitions for portions of a cutting tool that support one or more cutting items with defined cutting edges. Tool items include, but are not limited to, turning tools, milling tools, drilling tools, threading tools, etc. The purpose of this document is to provide a reference dictionary to support the use of the general information model defined in ISO 13399-1.

A cutting tool with defined cutting edges is used on a machine to remove material from a workpiece by a shearing action at the cutting edges of the tool. Cutting tool data that can be described by the ISO 13399 series include, but are not limited to, everything between the workpiece and the machine tool. Information about inserts (e.g. regular and irregular shaped replaceable cutting items), solid tools (e.g. solid drill and endmill), assembled tools (e.g. boring bars, indexable drills, and indexable milling cutters), adaptors (e.g. milling arbor and drilling chuck), components (e.g. shims, screws, and clamps), and their relationships can be represented by the ISO 13399 series. The principles of the ISO 13399 series are given in [Annex A](#); and possible assemblies of the components of a cutting tool are illustrated in [Figure A.1](#).

The objective of the ISO 13399 series is to provide the means to represent the information that describes cutting tools in a computer-sensible form that is independent from any particular computer system. The representation facilitates the processing and exchange of cutting tool data within and between different software systems and computer platforms and supports the application of this data in manufacturing planning, cutting operations, and the supply of tools. The nature of this description makes it suitable not only for neutral file exchange, but also as a basis for implementing and sharing product databases and for archiving. The methods used for these representations are those developed by ISO/TC 184/SC 4 for the representation of product data by using standardized information models and reference dictionaries.

An information model is a formal specification of types, ideas, facts, and processes which together describes a portion of interests of the real world and which provides an explicit set of interpretation rules. Information is knowledge of ideas, facts, and/or processes. Data are symbols or functions that represent information for processing purposes. Data are interpreted to extract information by using rules for how that should be done and a dictionary to define the terms that identify the data items. Everyone in a communication process is expected to use the same information model, the same set of explicit rules, and the same dictionary in order to avoid misunderstanding. If an information model and its dictionary are written in a computer-sensible language, then there is the additional benefit that they can be computer processable.

An engineering information model is therefore a specification for data that establishes the meaning of that data in a particular engineering context. A model has to be developed by formal methods to ensure that it meets the needs of the situation that it represents. An engineering information model defines the information objects that represent the concepts in an engineering application, the attributes of the objects, their relationships, and the constraints that add further meaning. An information model is an abstract concept that can be used repeatedly for any example of the real-world situation that it represents. An instance of the model is created when it is populated with the data items and their values that are applicable to a particular example of that situation.

This document uses the following International Standards developed by ISO/TC 184/SC 4 :

- the EXPRESS language defined in ISO 10303-11 for defining the information model in ISO 13399-1;
- the file format for data exchange derived from the model and defined in ISO 10303-21;
- the data dictionary defined in the ISO 13584 series.

Each class, property, or domain of values of this application domain constitutes an entry of the reference dictionary defined in this document. It is associated with a computer-sensible and human-readable definition, and with a computer-sensible identification. Identification of a dictionary entry allows unambiguous reference to it from any application that implements the information model defined in ISO 13399-1.

Definitions and identifications of dictionary entries are defined by means of standard data that consist of instances of the EXPRESS entity data types defined in the common dictionary schema, resulting from a joint effort between ISO/TC 184/SC 4 and IEC SC3D, and in its extensions defined in ISO 13584-24 and ISO 13584-25.

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Cutting tool data representation and exchange —

Part 3: Reference dictionary for tool items

1 Scope

This document specifies a reference dictionary for tool items, together with their descriptive properties and domains of values.

This document specifies a reference dictionary containing:

- definitions and identifications of the classes of tool items and their features, with an associated classification scheme;
- definitions and identifications of the data element types that represents the properties of tool items and their features;
- definitions and identifications of domains of values for describing the above-mentioned data element types.

The following are within the scope of this document:

- standard data that represent the various classes of tool items and tool item features;
- standard data that represent the various properties of tool items and tool item features;
- standard data that represent domains of values used for properties of tool items and tool item features;
- definition of cutting operations;
- definitions of reference systems for tool items and their properties;
- one implementation method by which the standard data defined in this document can be exchanged.

NOTE 1 The implementation method by which the standard data defined in this document can be exchanged is specified in ISO 10303-21.

The following are outside the scope of this document:

- specialized or expert knowledge in the design and use of cutting tools;
- rules to determine what information should be communicated;
- applications where these standard data can be stored or referenced;
- implementation methods other than the one defined in this document by which the standard data can be exchanged and referenced;
- information model for cutting tools;
- definitions of classes and properties for cutting items;
- definitions of classes and properties for adaptive items;
- definitions of classes and properties for assembly items;