
**Cutting tool data representation and
exchange —**

**Part 313:
Creation and exchange of 3D models
— Burrs**

*Représentation et échange des données relatives aux outils
coupants —*

Partie 313: Création et échanges de modèles 3D — Fraises-limes

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Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Abbreviated terms	2
5 Starting elements, coordinate systems, planes	3
5.1 General	3
5.2 Reference system (PCS)	3
5.3 Coordinate system at the cutting part	4
5.4 Planes	4
6 Design of the model	5
6.1 General	5
6.2 Necessary parameters for the connection interface feature	9
7 Design of burrs	9
7.1 General	9
7.2 Geometry of the non-cutting part inclusively the connection	10
7.3 Geometry of the cutting part	11
7.3.1 General	11
7.3.2 Cylindrical burr (BTC: 01)	11
7.3.3 Cylindrical round-(ball-)nose burr (BTC:02)	12
7.3.4 Inverted cone burr (BTC: 07)	13
7.3.5 Spherical burr (BTC: 08)	14
7.3.6 Ball nose profile burr (BTC: 10, 11, 12 and 18)	15
7.3.7 Arch pointed nose burr (BTC: 09, 13, 14 and 17)	16
7.3.8 Conical burr (BTC: 15)	17
7.3.9 Conical round-(ball-)nose burr (BTC: 04 and 16)	18
7.3.10 Full rounded disc burr (BTC: 19)	19
7.3.11 Disc pointed nose shaped burr (BTC: 20)	20
7.3.12 Angular disc burr (BTC: 21)	21
7.3.13 Lens shaped disc burr (BTC: 22)	22
7.3.14 Oval burr with curved exit (BTC: 23)	23
7.3.15 Multi curved burr (BTC: 24)	24
7.3.16 Inverted concave rounded burr (BTC: 25)	25
7.3.17 Concave rounded burr (BTC: 26)	26
8 Design of details	27
8.1 Basis for modelling	27
8.2 Contact/clamping surfaces — Orientation	27
8.3 Chamfers, rounding, others	28
9 Data exchange model	28
Annex A (informative) Nominal dimensions	29
Bibliography	30

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29 *Small tools*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13399 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document defines the concept of how to design simplified 3D models of burrs that can be used for NC-programming, simulation of the manufacturing processes and the determination of collision within machining processes. It is not intended to standardize the design of the cutting tool itself.

A cutting tool is used in a machine to remove material from a workpiece by a shearing action at the cutting edges of the tool. Cutting tool data that can be described by the ISO 13399 series include, but are not limited to, everything between the workpiece and the machine tool. Information about inserts, solid tools, assembled tools, adaptors, components and their relationships can be represented by this document. The increasing demand for providing the end user with 3D models for the purposes defined above is the basis for the development of this series of International Standards.

The objective of the ISO 13399 series is to provide the means to represent the information that describes cutting tools in a computer sensible form that is independent from any particular computer system. The representation will facilitate the processing and exchange of cutting tool data within and between different software systems and computer platforms and support the application of this data in manufacturing planning, cutting operations and the supply of tools. The nature of this description makes it suitable not only for neutral file exchange, but also as a basis for implementing and sharing product databases and for archiving. The methods that are used for these representations are those developed by ISO/TC 184, *Automation systems and integration*, SC 4, *Industrial data*, for the representation of product data by using standardized information models and reference dictionaries.

Definitions and identifications of dictionary entries are defined by means of standard data that consist of instances of the EXPRESS entity data types defined in the common dictionary schema, resulting from a joint effort between ISO/TC 184/SC 4 and IEC/TC 3/SC 3D, *Product properties and classes and their identification*, and in its extensions defined in ISO 13584-24 and ISO 13584-25.

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