

Technical Specification

ISO/TS 14076

Environmental management — **Environmental techno-economic** assessment — Principles, requirements and guidance

Management environnemental — Évaluation technico-recommandations Document Preview

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 207, *Environmental management*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Life cycle assessment*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

During the process of researching, designing, developing and commercializing process systems, many decisions must be made concerning details such as the selection of unit operations, equipment types and sizes, operating conditions and procedures, mass and energy flows, financing contracts, sales prices and environmental releases. These decisions are made based on many indicators, especially technical indicators (e.g. product yield, process efficiency, quality), economic indicators (e.g. cost, profitability, returns on investment) and environmental indicators (e.g. greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, resource depletion, freshwater consumption). These ultimately affect the total value of the process system to companies, clients, consumers, government and society.

An environmental techno-economic assessment (eTEA) characterizes process systems in terms of key environmental, technical ("techno") and economic factors. These characteristics are represented by a collection of commonly understood metrics that can then be interpreted for decision-making purposes. Many assumptions must be made as a part of an eTEA can have a major impact on the results, with financial and environmental consequences throughout the life cycle of the process and its products. These assumptions can include the values of key parameters, analysis boundaries and the methods themselves. Because of its importance and the wide variability in methods for eTEAs, there is a need for practical guidance on their performance. Organizations can benefit significantly by providing clear and consistent guidance on how to conduct an eTEA.

Therefore, this document:

- establishes terminology and key definitions of common metrics used in eTEAs;
- provides requirements and guidance on how to conduct eTEAs;
- provides a framework for clearly documenting the results and the underlying assumptions used in an eTEA so that others can effectively interpret the results.

This document is intended for eTEA practitioners (i.e. people who conduct eTEAs, such as data gathering, making calculations or assessing and interpreting the results). Practitioners can include industry, government or academia.

An illustrative example of an eTEA is given in Annex A. 076:2025

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