



SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 10012:2026

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Vodenje kakovosti - Zahteve za sisteme vodenja meritev (ISO 10012:2026)

Quality management - Requirements for measurement management systems (ISO 10012:2026)

Qualitätsmanagement - Anforderungen an Messmanagementsysteme (ISO 10012:2026)

Management de la qualité - Exigences pour les systèmes de management de la mesure (ISO 10012:2026)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 10012

February 2026

ICS 03.100.70; 17.020

Supersedes EN ISO 10012:2003

English Version

Quality management - Requirements for measurement management systems (ISO 10012:2026)

Management de la qualité - Exigences pour les
systèmes de management de la mesure (ISO
10012:2026)

Qualitätsmanagement - Anforderungen an
Messmanagementsysteme (ISO 10012:2026)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 10012:2026) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 176 "Quality management and quality assurance" in collaboration with CCMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2026, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2026.

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**International
Standard**

ISO 10012

**Quality management —
Requirements for measurement
management systems**

*Management de la qualité — Exigences pour les systèmes de
management de la mesure*

**Second edition
2026-02**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 176, *Quality management and quality assurance*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Supporting technologies*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/SS F20, *Quality assurance*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10012:2003), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the document has been restructured to follow the harmonized structure for management system standards;
- the clauses have been extensively revised in response to the needs of interested parties.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

This document assists organizations who have or intend to implement a measurement management system, by providing the necessary framework for an organization in designing, maintaining and continually improving a measurement management system.

This is a major revision of ISO 10012:2003, whose purpose is to establish the basis for an organization to implement and improve a measurement management system for end-to-end application of measurement processes in the organization (see [Figure 1](#)).

The main objective of a measurement management system is to provide confidence in the validity and reliability of the measurement results and ensure capability to support the measurement of the organization's delivered products and/or services at the required quality level. This includes managing the risk associated with measurement processes that can produce incorrect measurement results affecting the quality of an organization's products and/or services.

A measurement management system can be implemented in the design and development, test, monitoring and delivering of valid measurement results. It also provides an organization with the basis to demonstrate conformity to measurement management system requirements.

This document can be used by any industrial sectors requiring a measurement management system, and is complementary to the requirements of ISO 9001, ISO 14001 or other management system standards.

The implementation of a management system for confirmation of validity of measurements is an important decision for an organization to establish a robust measurement management system that will provide a consistent level of measurement quality for its products and services.

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Quality management — Requirements for measurement management systems

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for a measurement management system when an organization:

- a) needs to demonstrate its ability to consistently ensure confidence in validity and reliability of measurement results and thereby to provide a consistent level of measurement quality for an organization's products and services;
- b) aims to rely on reliable and valid measurement results useful to enhance customer satisfaction and effectively apply its measurement management system processes;
- c) implements processes for a measurement management system that enhance conformity with customer, statutory and regulatory requirements.

All the requirements of this document are generic. This document is applicable to any organization, regardless of its type or size, or the products and services it provides. This includes organizations manufacturing products and providing engineering services (except for calibration and test services included within the scope of ISO/IEC 17025).

This document is not intended to substitute requirements for, or to add requirements to, the general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories specified in ISO/IEC 17025.

NOTE For organizations that operate internal testing and calibration laboratories, the competence of those functions can be evaluated in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9000, *Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary*

ISO 17034, *General requirements for the competence of reference material producers*

ISO/IEC Guide 99, *International vocabulary of metrology — Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9000, ISO/IEC Guide 99 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

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3.1 organization

person or group of people that has its own functions with responsibilities, authorities and relationships to achieve its *objectives* (3.6)

Note 1 to entry: The concept of organization includes, but is not limited to, sole-trader, company, corporation, firm, enterprise, authority, partnership, charity or institution, or part or combination thereof, whether incorporated or not, public or private.

Note 2 to entry: If the organization is part of a larger entity, the term “organization” refers only to the part of the larger entity that is within the scope of the *measurement management system* (3.19.4).

3.2 interested party (preferred term)

stakeholder (admitted term)

person or *organization* (3.1) that can affect, be affected by, or perceive itself to be affected by a decision or activity

EXAMPLE Customers, owners, people in an organization, *providers* (3.21), metrology institutions, regulators, unions, partners, society.

3.3 top management

person or group of people who directs and controls an *organization* (3.1) at the highest level

Note 1 to entry: Top management has the power to delegate authority and provide resources within the organization.

Note 2 to entry: If the scope of the *management system* (3.4) covers only part of an organization, then top management refers to those who direct and control that part of the organization.

3.4 management system

set of interrelated or interacting elements of an *organization* (3.1) to establish *policies* (3.5) and *objectives* (3.6), as well as *processes* (3.8) to achieve those objectives

Note 1 to entry: A management system can address a single discipline or several disciplines.

Note 2 to entry: The management system elements include the organization’s structure, roles and responsibilities, planning and operation.

Note 3 to entry: The scope of a management system can include the whole of the organization, specific and identified functions of the organization, specific and identified sections of the organization, or one or more functions across a group of organizations.

3.5 policy

intentions and direction of an *organization* (3.1) as formally expressed by its *top management* (3.3)

3.6 objective

result to be achieved

Note 1 to entry: An objective can be strategic, tactical, or operational.

Note 2 to entry: Objectives can relate to different disciplines (such as finance, health and safety, and environment). They can be, for example, organization-wide or specific to a project, product, service or *process* (3.8).

Note 3 to entry: An objective can be expressed in other ways, e.g. as an intended result, as a purpose, as an operational criterion, as a measurement management objective or by the use of other words with similar meaning (e.g. aim, goal, or target).

Note 4 to entry: In the context of *measurement management systems* (3.19.4), measurement management objectives are set by the *organization* (3.1), consistent with the measurement management *policy* (3.5), to achieve specific results.

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3.7

risk

effect of uncertainty

Note 1 to entry: An effect is a deviation from the expected — positive or negative.

Note 2 to entry: Uncertainty is the state, even partial, of deficiency of information related to, understanding or knowledge of, an event, its consequence, or likelihood.

Note 3 to entry: Risk is often characterized by reference to potential events and consequences, or a combination of these.

Note 4 to entry: Risk is often expressed in terms of a combination of the consequences of an event (including changes in circumstances) and the associated likelihood of occurrence.

Note 5 to entry: In the context of *measurement management systems* (3.19.4), risk also refers to the impact of uncertainty in a measurement quantity as determined by the metrological methods used.

Note 6 to entry: Refer to ISO 31000 and IEC 31010 for additional guidance.

3.8

process

set of interrelated or interacting activities that uses or transforms inputs to deliver a result

Note 1 to entry: Whether the result of a process is called an output, a product or a service depends on the context of the reference.

3.9

competence

ability to apply knowledge and skills to achieve intended results

3.10

documented information

information required to be controlled and maintained by an *organization* (3.1) and the medium on which it is contained

Note 1 to entry: Documented information can be in any format and media and from any source.

Note 2 to entry: Documented information can refer to:

- the *management system* (3.4), including related *processes* (3.8);
- information created in order for the organization to operate (documentation);
- evidence of results achieved (records).

3.11

performance

measurable result

Note 1 to entry: Performance can relate either to quantitative or qualitative findings.

Note 2 to entry: Performance can relate to managing activities, *processes* (3.8), products, services, systems or *organizations* (3.1).

Note 3 to entry: In the metrological context, performance relates to the implementation of a process to obtain appropriate or measurable results.

3.12

continual improvement

recurring activity to enhance *performance* (3.11)

3.13

effectiveness

extent to which planned activities are realized and planned results are achieved